The Democratic Pioneer.

TRUTH, JUSTICE AND THE CONSTITUTION.

VOLUME IX.] ELIZABETH CITY, N. C., TUESDAY MORNING, AUGUST 16, 1859. [NUMBER 51.

ALTIMORE LOCK HOSPITAL.
DOCTOR JOHNSTON,
founder of this Celebrated Institution, offers the most certain, speedy, and only al remedy in the world for Gleets, Stric- Seminal weakness, Pains in the Loins, itutional Debility, Impotency, Weakness Back and Limbs. Affections of the Kid- Palpitation of the Heart, Dyspepsia, Ner- Irritability, Disease of the Head, Throat, r Skin; and all those serious and melan- Disorders arising from the destructive ha- Youth, which destroy both body and These secret and solitary practices are fatal to their victims than the song of the s to the mariners Ulysses, blighting their brilliant hopes of anticipations, rendering age, &c., impossible.

YOUNG MEN

ally, who have become the victims of Sol- Vice, that dreadful and destructive habit, annually sweeps to an untimely grave nds of young men of the most exalted tal- nd brilliant intellects, who might other- have entranced listening Senates with hunders of eloquence, or waked to ecsta- living lyre, may call with all confidence.

Marriage.

ried persons, or Young Men contemplating age, being aware of physical weakness, ic debility, deformities, &c., should im- tely consult Dr. Johnston, and be restored fect health.

who places himself under the care of Dr on, may religiously confide in his honor ntleman, and confidently rely upon his s a Physician.

Organic Weakness

diately cured and full vigor restored. is disease is the penalty most frequently by those who have become the victims of per indulgencies. Young persons are too to commit excesses from not being aware dreadful consequences that may ensue.— who that understands the subject will nd to deny that the power of Procreation t sooner by those falling into improper ha- than by the prudent? Besides being ed of the pleasure of healthy offspring, the erious and destructive symptoms to both and mind arise. The system becomes de ed; the physical and mental powers weak- nervous debility, dyspepsia, palpitation of eart, indigestion, a wasting of the frame, h, symptoms of consumption, &c.

VICE—No. 7, South Frederick Street, Sev- ors from Baltimore St., East side, up the Be particular in observing the and number, or you will mistake the place re Warranted, or no Charge Made, in from One to Two Days.

NO MERCURY OR NAUSEOUS DRUGS USED.

DR. JOHNSTON,

ber of the Royal College of Surgeons, lon, Graduate from one of the most ent Colleges of the United States, and reater part of whose life has been spent in ospitals of London, Paris, Philadelphia lsewhere, has effected some of the most as- hing cures that were ever known. Many ded with ringing in the ears and head when g, great nervousness, being alarmed at sud- sounds, and bashfulness, with frequent hing, attended, sometimes, with derange of mind, were cured immediately.

A Certain Disease.

hen the misguided and imprudent votary of sure finds he has imbibed the seeds of this ful disease, it too often happens that an med sense of shame, or dread of discovery, rs him from applying to those who from ation and respectability, can alone befriend delaying till the constitutional symptoms is horrid disease make their appearance, as ulcerated sore throat, diseased nose, rnal pains in the head and limbs, dimness ht, deafness, nodes on the shin bones and blotches on the head, face and extremi- progressing with frightful rapidity, till at the palate of the mouth or the bones of the fall in, and the victim of this awful disease mes a horrid object of commiseration, till puts a period to his dreadful sufferings, ending him to 'that bourne from whence raveler returns.' To such therefore Dr ston pledges himself to preserve the most lable secrecy, and from his extensive prac- in the first Hospitals of Europe and America, n confidently recommend a safe and speedy to the unfortunate victim of this horrid se.

is a melancholy fact, that thousands fall ms to this dreadful disease, owing to the illfulness of ignorant pretenders, who, by se of that dreadful poison, mercury, ruin constitution, and either send the unfortu- sufferer to an untimely grave, or else make residue of his life miserable.

Take Particular Notice!

. J. addresses all those who have injured selves by improper indulgencies and solita- habits which ruin both body and mind, un- g them for either Business, Study, Society arriage.

tch are some of the sad and melancholy ef- produced by early habits of youth, viz:— kness of the Back and Limbs, Pains in Head, Dimness of Sight, Loss of Muscular er, Palpitation of the Heart, Dyspepsia, ous Irritability, Derangement of the Diges- Functions, General Debility, Symptoms of sumption, &c.

NTALLY.—The fearful effects upon the mind uch to be dreaded; loss of memory, Confu- of ideas, Depression of Spirits, Forebodings Evil, Aversion of Society, Self-Distrust, e of Solitude, Timidity, etc., are some of evils produced

thousands of persons of all ages can now e what is the cause of their declining health. ing their vigor, becoming weak, pale and ciated, having a singular appearance about eyes, cough and all symptoms of consumption.

Johnston's Invigorating Remedy for Organic Weakness.

By this great and important remedy, weak- s of the organs are speedily cured, and full or restored. Thousands of the most nervous d debilitated, who had lost all hope, have n immediately relieved. All impediments to rriage, Physical or Mental Disqualification, rvous Irritability, Tremblings and Weakness, exhaustion of the most fearful kind, speedily ed by Doctor Johnston.

Young Men,

o have injured themselves by a Certain actice, indulged in when alone—a habit fre- ently learned from evil companions, or at hool—the effects of which are nightly felt, en when asleep, and if not cured renders mar- ge impossible, and destroys both mind and dy, should apply immediately

What a pity that a young man, the hope of s country, and the darling of his parents, uld be snatched from all prospects and enjoy- nts of life, by the consequences of deviating m the path of nature, and indulging in a tain secret habit. Such persons before con- mplating

Marriage,

ould reflect that a sound mind and body are e most necessary requisites to promote conju al happiness. Indeed, without these, the jour- y through life becomes a weary pilgrimage, e prospects hourly darkens to the view; the nd becomes shadowed with despair and filled th the melancholy reflection that the happi- ss of another becomes blighted with our own.

FFICE No. 7 SOUTH FREDERICK ST. *Baltimore, Md.*

ALL SURGICAL OPERATIONS PERFORMED

Dr. JOHNSTON is the only regular Physi- an advertising to cure private complaints.— is remedies and treatment are entirely un- known to others. Prepared from a life spent the great hospitals of Europe and the first in his country, viz: England, France, the Block- y of Philadelphia, &c., and a more extensive ractice than any other Physician in the world. is many wonderful cures and most important urgical operations are a sufficient guarantee to e afflicted. Those who wish to be speedily d effectually relieved, should shun the nume- ous trifling imposters, who only ruin their ealth, and apply to him.

No letters received unless post-paid, nd containing a stamp to use on the reply.

Jan. 6, 1859—1y:p.

FOR NAG'S HEAD.

THE STEAMER CURLEW will commence her trips to *NAG'S HEAD* on Tuesday July 5th, and run regularly thereafter between Edenton, Nag's Head and Eliz. City, according to the following schedule:

Leave Edenton for Nag's Head Tuesday at 7, A. M. and Saturday at 6. A. M.

Leave Nag's Head for Edenton, Monday (via Eliz. City) at 5, A. M. and Friday at 7 A. M.

Leave Nag's Head for Elizabeth City, Wednesday at 7 A. M. and Saturday at 12 m.

Fare from Edenton to Nag's Head, 2 00
" " E. City " " 1 50

Fodder and other combustible materials will not be taken on board unless packed according to law.

Seasons tickets can be had by application to T. I. BURBAGE, Captain.

July 12th, 1859. 46—4t.

Persons moving to Nags Head by other vessels, will be charged $5,60 for the mail and other conveniencies of the boat for the season.

For passage from E. City to Edenton direct or via Nag's Head $2,00.

No responsibility for baggage unless given in charge of some officer of the boat.

(Citizen copy.)

Daily Line by Steam from NORFOLK AND PORTSMOUTH TO MURFREESBORO',

TRI-WEEKLY FROM WELDON TO MURFREESBORO

TRI-WEEKLY LINE FROM PLYmouth and Edenton to Murfreesboro',

THE Steamer Leonora, Capt. Jester, will leave Murfreesboro' every Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 9 A. M., connecting with the Curlew at the mouth of the Meherrin River and return to Murfreesboro by 2 P. M. Leave Murfreesboro' for Franklin Depot every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 7 A. M; connecting with the Express Train to Portsmouth. Passengers will arrive in Portsmouth at 5 P. M.

Returning, the Leonora will leave Franklin Depot on the same days, upon the arrival of the Express Train from the South, arriving at Murfreesboro' at 9 P. M.

At the beginning of the Sessions of the two Female Colleges in Murfreesboro the Leonora will make Extra Trips, connecting with the Curlew on her return trips from Plymouth and Edenton in order to accommodate students and their friends coming from the lower counties.

FARE.

From Murfreesboro' to Franklin, $2 00
From Murfreesboro' to the connection with the Curlew at the mouth of the Meherrin, 1 00
From Murfreesboro to Norfolk and Portsmouth, 3 75
Return Tickets, good until used, 6 50
Excursion Tickets to the Chowan and back on the same day, 50

This boat has been inspected by the U. S. Inspectors; and they declare here to be trustworthy for the route in every respect.

RIDDICK & BURBAGE.

May 17.—tf.

VICKERY & COMPANY,

LEADERS AND INTRODUCERS OF every thing that is new and useful in the

STATIONERY LINE!

MESSRS. VICKERY & COMPANY would inform the Public that they are prepared to furnish every article in their line at lower prices than ever. Having lately gone to great expense in fitting up in the handsomest style their store, would cordially invite every one to call and examine their stock, (which is now the largest in this section of country,) before purchasing elsewhere, feeling confident that they will there find what cannot be found in any other establishment in this City.

STRANGERS

visiting our City will please not overlook this notice, as they can find here the most beautiful articles for *Bridal* or *Birthday* presents, or in fact any article in the fancy goods line.

Recollect at

VICKERY & COMPANY'S
City Book Store,
Norfolk, Va.

oc 26

LYCURGUS BERKLEY,

DEALER IN

English, French and American DRY GOODS,

SHAWLS AND MANTILLAS,

No. 39 Main St.,

NORFOLK, VA.

April 13, 1859. 1y

TIN AND JAPANNED WARE.

WILLIAM D. ROBERTS, Jr. & Co., Roanoke Square, Norfolk, Va., ask the attention of merchants of North Caralina and Virginia, to their large and well selected stock of Tin and Japanned Ware, manufactured expressly for the Southern trade, which will be sold on as reasonable terms as similar goods can be purchased in northern or eastern cities, and better suited to the wants of the Southern public.

Also Stoves of all kinds for all purposes, Force, Deep Well and Cistern Pumps, Sheet Lead, Zinc, Copper, Bar, Sheet Iron, brass, &c.

Etherial Oil and Lamps of all kinds for using it. mh 23

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICE.—THE copartnership of the firm of MORGAN & REID was dissolved on the first day of January, 1859, by mutual consent. All persons indebted to the late firm will make payment to Seth Morgan, who is alone authorized to receipt for the same.

SETH MORGAN,
W. B. REID.

NOTICE.

THE subscriber begs leave to state that, having taken the entire interest of W. B. Reid in the late firm of Morgan & Reid, he will carry on the business on his own account—hoping by strict attention to share a portion of the patronage heretofore extended to him at the old stand.

SETH MORGAN.

January 20—tf

FOR SALE.

THE SUBSCRIBER has for sale two 20 horse powe *STEAM ENGINES*, nearly new, and well adapted for steamboat or saw mill purposes. Also, the Steamer VIRGINIA and Barge AERIAL. They will be sold upon reasonable terms. Apply to

J. B. JOHNSON,
Portsmouth, Va.

Mr. JOHNSON will be at the Leigh House, Elizabeth City, for a few days, where he can be seen by any one wishing to purchase.

December 14, 1858. 17—tf.

FOR SALE AT NAG'S HEAD.

IN CONSEQUENCE OF THE OWNer's removal to the West, I offer for sale that most desirable summer residence at Nag's Head, the property of A. Dixon, Esq. Connected with it, is a tract of land containing fifty acres or more, well covered with wood, sufficient to furnish fuel necessary for family use. Terms liberal.

Persons wishing to purchase will please apply to me at Plymouth, North Carolina.

WM. A. LITTLEJOHN, Ag't.

May 17, 1859.—tf.

DEMOCRATIC PIONEER.

J. B. GODWIN, Editor.

J. B. GODWIN & CO.,
PROPRIETORS.

PUBLISHED EVERY TUESDAY MORNING.

TERMS.

Single copy, one year, - - - $2 50
Five copies, one year, - - - - - 11 00
Ten copies, one year, - - - - - 20 00

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

For a square of 16 lines or less, first insertion $1—every subsequent one, 25 cents. Annual arrangements made on favorable terms.

OFFICE corner of Main and Road Streets.

J. B. GODWIN.] [MARTIN V. B. GILBERT.

POETRY.

DEEDS OF KINDNESS.

Suppose the little cowslip
Should hang its golden cup,
And say, 'I'm such a tiny flour,
I'd better not grow up.'
How many a weary traveler
Would miss its fragant smell;
How many a little child would grieve
To lose it from the dell.

Suppose the listening dew drop,
Upon the grass, should say,
'What can a little dew-drop do?
I'd better roll away?'
The blade on which it rested,
Before the day was done,
Without a drop to moisten it,
Would wither in the sun.

Suppose the little breezes
Upon a summer's day,
Should think themselves too small to cool
The traveler on his way;
Who would not miss the smallest
And softest ones that blow,
And think they make a great mistake
If they were talking so.

How many deeds of kindness
A little child may do,
Although it has so little strength,
And little wisdom too;
It wants a loving spirit
Much more than strength, to prove
How many things a child may do
For others by his love.

MISCELLANEOUS.

THE LATEST GRAND BATTLE IN ITALY.

The Africa brings over an intensely interesting letter from the editor of the New York *Times*, who from a very safe position and at considerable distance from the scene witnessed the battle. Under date of Castiglione, Monday, June 27th, the writer proceeds:

"The day after the battle, instead of going forward with the head-quarters of the army, I remained behind to see the wounded and to go over the ground where the fight had been the most severe. During the whole of Friday night, and all through Saturday and Sunday, the wounded of both armies continued to be brought in. They were removed from the field where they lay as rapidly as possible, and brought to some point where their wounds could be dressed. All the churches and accessible buildings of this town, public and private, were occupied—the officers being generally taken to private houses so far as practicable. But for thousands no shelter whatever could be found, and they were from necessity left in the open air. As fast as their wounds could be dressed they were removed to the next town beyond,—which is Montechiaro, five miles distant,—and from thence to Brescia, twelve miles further, that being the first town of any considerable size and at all adequate to the care of such an immense number of persons. I was at Montechiaro when the great procession began to arrive.—At the entrance of the town stands a large building used as a hospital, fronting upon a small open space and being placed at the angle of two diverging roads. As the wounded arrived, those of them who could go no further were taken off the carts and left here, while the rest moved on to Brescia. I never saw so heart-rending a sight as was presented in front of that hospital. The army seems not to be provided with any means of removing the wounded, but relies entirely upon the conveyances they can procure from the surrounding peasantry. Everything for miles around had been called into requisition. For the most part they consisted of the rude, heavy ox-carts of the farmers, made to carry stone or other ponderous articles over the fields. Each of them had a flat platform six or eight feet wide and twelve or fifteen long. Some hay was spread upon this, and upon that the wounded soldiers were placed as thickly as they could be laid—without shelter of any kind, or pillows for their heads or blankets for their limbs, except such as they might happen to have upon them. The weather had been excessively warm—the storm on the day of the battle being the last rain that has fallen,—and yesterday and to-day the sky has been perfectly clear and the air heated with the warmest rays of an Italian sun.—The roads are perfectly hard and dusty; and it was utterly impossible for well persons to travel along them with any comfort without protection of some kind from the heat. You can judge then of the intense suffering which these thousands of maimed and mutilated creatures must have endured during that fearful journey of ten or fifteen miles—performed at the slowest pace of heavy oxen, and compelled constantly to stop by some interruption. It was enough to melt the most obdurate heart to see the state in which they arrived. The peasants who drove them seemed not to have the slightest sense of their condition, or to take the least pains to allevaite their agony. Some of the soldiers themselves—whose wounds were least serious and permitted them to move about,—had cut branches from the willows and other trees that border the road, and made of them a slight shade for some of those who could only lie on their backs, their faces turned to the brazen and the burning sky. As far as the eye could see, a dense cloud of white dust marked the approach of the advancing train. As the carts came into the town, many of the poor wretches stretched out their hands piteously crying for water, or for wine, as they were perishing of thirst.—The people of the village had prepared, so far as possible, for their reception. Committees had been appointed, a quantity of soup had been prepared, and the young women and men of the place went to work to supply the most pressing necessities of the poor creatures who were suffering on their behalf. They went about from cart to cart, asking what each needed, and provided for them to the best of their ability. Austrians and French were mingled indiscriminately and were treated with precisely the same kindness and attention. As a general thing the Austrians were badly wounded, and seem to suffer terribly. They were, so far as had been convenient, placed upon the same carts, and frequently six or eight carts would arrive with none but Austrians upon them; but still more frequently there would be three or four Austrians upon a cart, with twice as many French—and in many cases I have seen a French soldier assisting the Austrian, who lay by his side, into some easier position, or endeavoring to procure for him water or something else of which he seemed to be in need. All difference of nationality were submerged in the intense and overmastering agonies of their common fate. Upon one cart which came up lay an Austrian who had died on the road—and close by his side was a French soldier just able to raise himself from his place and beg for water. As he raised his head he looked over at his companion and said, as if envying his lot,—'Poor fellow, he needs nothing now.' The Austrian lay at full length upon the cart—his hands crossed upon his breast, and his face, which was turned directly upward to the sun, wearing an expression of intense suffering. Five or six others, less severely wounded, were sitting in front. Upon another cart lay a poor fellow, entirely naked above his waist, except a broad bandage which had been passed around his body to protect a frightful wound received from a musket ball in his side—the ball seemed to have passed entirely through his body—his face was pale and inexpressibly sad—and he had just strength enough left to lift himself up and beg for water. It was immediately brought, and as soon as his condition was perceived he was lifted off the cart in the blanket on which he was lying and placed in the hall of the hospital, but he lived only a few minutes longer.—As they were lifting him out the blanket was drawn from under the feet of another poor fellow lying in the same cart, and the motion extorted from him a cry of anguish more intense than I ever heard before.

But it is utterly useless to multiply notices of individual case of suffering. Indeed, it would be impossible to mention a hundredth part of the intention at the time and if each one of them could be described in writing, not even a faint impression would be given of the fearful horrors of the scene as it met the eye of a spectator. If you can imagine the open area in front of the city hall filled with carts, upon every one of which lay from five to ten fifteen men in soldiers' uniform, so far as they were dressed at all—nearly all bareheaded, their faces, clothes and hand clotted with blood, groaning and writhing in pain—and then conceive Broadway, as far as the eye can see, to be filled with an unbroken procession of just such carts, laiden in the same sad style—the cattle bellowing, the drivers shouting, and with the usual accompaniments of a great and half-regulated crowd, you may form some idea of the character and magnitude of this dreadful scene. As a general thing the wounded made but little noise. Many of them were too much exhausted—none of them cried aloud, and comparatively few could be heard to groan. But there was no mistake the expression of their faces, which spoke of intense agony in spite of all their efforts to suppress and conquer it. As I was riding through the principal streets in Castiglione this afternoon, passing the largest hospital, I saw lying in the street, close to the wall, fifty or sixty Austrians wounded, who had just been brought in from the field and for whom no place within the building could yet be found. One of them, a large, powerful man, with an intelligent face, was sitting upright, with his back against the wall, and uttering, with a chattering sound the most intense and heart rendering yells of pain. He looked eagerly into the face of every one who passed, as if he *must* have help, but he could only await his turn. In another part of the town, on a cross-road leading from hill in front of Solferino, I met twenty-one ox-carts laden with Austrians in every stage of suffering. One of the carts contained but two and in the extremity of their agony they had half risen to their knees, grappled one another by the shoulder, and were gazing into each other's face with a fixed and strong look of frenzied horror which I shall never forget.

Just before dark on Sunday evening I looked into the large church in this place to which the greatest number of the wounded were taken. It was a Catholic church, of course, as there are no others here.—All the furniture of every kind had been taken out, from the altar and side chapels as well as from the nave of the building, and upon rows of mattrasses extended lengthwise on the stone floor, as closely as they could lie, the wounded were placed. All whose injuries would permit their removal had been taken away and sent on to Montechiaro, Brescia and other towns, and only those were left who seemed very near their end. In one side chapel lay *eight* Austrians—two or three gasping for breath and in the very act of dying—and not one of the whole eight could possibly, as it seemed to me, live an hour. The entire floor was covered with the poor victims of war, nearly all approaching the same extremity. Men and women, charged with the care of them, were passing to and fro—not to soothe or comfort the dying, for there was no time for that—but looking for those who might still be saved.—And over the altar, looking down upon this horrid scene, was an immense, well-painted, life-like picture illustrating the Sermon on the Mount, and representing the Redeemer saying to those about him,'—"*Blessed are the peace-makers, for they shall be called the children of God.*"—What an awful comment did that scene present upon that sacred text!

Early on Sunday morning I was awakened at Montechiaro by loud singing under my window, which opened directly on the street. Looking out, I saw a flock of Austrian prisoners, who had arrived from Castiglione, and were on their way to Brescia and Milan. They were driven along precisely like a flock of sheep—half-a-dozen French dragoon leading the way—a single file inclosing them on each side of the road, and ten or a dozen bringing up the rear. Their uniform was very simple—tight blue pantaloons, and brown, coarse linen jackets, with blue German caps.—Each one carried his blanket or overcoat rolled up and slung over his shoulders, like a large life-preserver. They were generally in good spirits, and when I first saw them were singing in full force some song of which I could not catch the words. There were Hungarians and Lombard Italians among them, and now and then one of them would shout *Viva l' Italia*, which of course would elicit cheers from the surrounding crowd. There were about 5,000 of them in all, and as soon as they had passed, the train of the wounded again came on.

In the afternoon we again rode out upon the field of battle. Taking the Mantua road which leads directly across the plain, we drove through the middle of the fields upon which the first and fiercest of the combat had been waged. For over four miles in length, and at least two in width, the fields alternately mulberry orchards, cornfields and fields of wheat, were strewn with the dead and with the relics and remnants of the horrid contest. More than half the dead had already been buried, as the intense heat had compelled the peasants, in self-defence, to lose no time in performing this office. But still, here and there, over the fields very near the road, dead bodies were lying, and they grew thicker and thicker as we went back towards and among the low bushes at the back of the field, where the early part of the bloody struggle had been waged. This was just the point which the battle had reached, when we had our first view of it from the heights of Castiglione. It was just there that the French infantry were massed, and exposed immovable for the moment, to the terrible cannonade of the Austrian battery, which poured its incessant storm of ball and shot upon them, until a deadly charge of bayonet drove them back towards the hills, which they held until the last. The bodies of Austrians and French were mixed thickly together—as each in turn had occupied the ground. They lay just as they had fallen—some upon their backs, some on their faces, nearly all at full length, and very few with any indications of muscular contortions, or of special pain. One Austrian, quite by himself, lay flat upon his back, with both hands raised as if in supplication—a cannon ball had utterly crushed into a shapeless mass of flesh both his legs, just above the ankle. Another lay in the same position with the whole of his face completely shot away. Not one whom I observed had his hat on—all were bareheaded, and many without their coats. Muskets, some broken, but most of them quite uninjured, lay scattered all over the field. Cartridges unused, in immense quantities, were strewn about:—balls of all kinds could be picked up everywhere, though many had sunk into the earth;—ramrods, bayonets, priming tubes, and all the little utensils of war lay round;—bits of torn clothing, gloves, belts, pocket combs such as soldiers carry, and great quantities of letters were strewn about in every direction; and at least a hundred dead horses could be seen from any point where you might choose to stand,—some torn almost asunder by cannon balls, some pierced in the side by grape shot, and others with their legs completely shot away. A surface of level ground embracing according to the best estimate I could make, not less than *six square miles*, was densely covered with these ghastly relics of the fight. I could not spend much time in traversing the field, for the bodies, owing to the intense heat, were in an advanced stage of decomposition and the stench was overpowering. But as I went along I picked up a cannon ball and a bayonet, which I hope may in due time reach the *Times* office and serve as memorials of the day. It would have been easy to collect cart-loads of both.

Of the mulberry trees in the orchards which from a considerable portion of the field, probably more than half escaped without being touched at all. Some were cut down entirely by large cannon balls and others showed scars of shot upon their torn bark. I saw one tree about six inches in diameter, in which a twelve-pound shot had completely imbedded itself,—the wood of the tree having closed over the ball, leaving only a small part of its surface visible, and leading one to wonder how so large a ball could possibly have found admission through so small a hole.

At one point the side of the road ten or fifteen peasants were burying the dead.—They gathered them from the field upon hand-barrows, from which they were rolled into the hollow places on the road-side, from which gravel had been to repair the track;—and after five or six, or as many as the space would hold, had been tumbled in, a foot or two of dirt was shoveled over them. No attempt was made to remove any of their clothing, or to lay them side by side in a particular position. They were tumbled in just as it happened,—and were covered up just as they chanced to fall. In many cases they were laid lengthwise, in single file and then covered over,—a second row being next put in,—then a third, a fourth, &c. In this way over 200 had been buried in a single place. It will take a long time to dispose of all the dead, and the carcasses of the horses also;—and if this excessively hot weather continues, the health of the vicinity cannot fail to suffer.

We made a hasty visit to-day to the head-quarters of the Piedmontese army at Desenzano, a pleasant little town on the shores of Lake Guarda. Their wounded were still arriving, and I could not help noticing the superior accommodations provided for them. They were brought in ambulances, but somewhat like an omnibus, with springs, cushions, mattresses and pillows, and an awning to protect them from the sun. Not one solitary vehicle of the kind have I seen in connection with the French army.—Their wounded seem to be left to such casual comfort as can be bought of the surrounding peasantry;—and nothing can excuse the barbarous cruelty which attended the removal of the tens of thousands who were taken from the bloody field of Solferino. I cannot believe that this is usual with the French army,—but the necessity which arose must certainly have been foreseen and should have been provided for.

A young fellow riding down a steep hill, and thinking the foot of it was boggish, called out to the clown, who was ditching, and asked him if it was hard at the bottom: 'Ay,' answer the countryman. It is hard enough I'll warrant you.'

But in half-a-dozen steps the horse sank up to the saddle-girths, which made the young gallant whip, spur, curse, and swear.

'Why, you rascal, said he to the ditcher, 'didst thou not tell me it was hard at the bottom?'

'Ay, but you are not half way to the bottom?'

Jacob Cobb, a young man of eighteen, was hung at Atlanta, Ga., lately, for shooting a wealthy libertine who had seduced his sister. Cobb was convicted and sentenced last year, but the feeling in his behalf was so strong that Gov. Brown was induced to reprieve him for twelve months.

THE GALPHIN AND GARDINER SWINDLES.—It will be remembered that great swindles were perpetrated upon the government during the administrations of Gen. Taylor and Mr. Fillmore. On examination, instituted into the character and testimony upon which the Gardiner claim was obtained, it was found that a large mass of the papers presented as evidence of this claim were impudent fogeries. The award of $431,000, was made under the treaty of Guadaloupe Hidalgo, upon a mass of written evidence showing an interest in mines, &c. The money was paid to Dr. Gardiner and his assignees in the spring of 1851. About $250,000 of the amount was deposited in bonds in New York and Washington, and with $100,000 the successful claimant proceeded to Europe. It appears that the money had been attached in the funds of the depositaries as soon as the forgeries were detected.

Upon the discovery of the fraud, however, Gardiner returned from Europe, boldly proclaimed his innocence and demanded a trial, which he had, and the jury failed to agree. In the meantime a commission was dispatched to Mexico to take testimony, &c. Gardiner accompanied it and returned with it. The testimony taken was fatal to him, however, and he was convicted on the 30th of May, 1854, and sentenced to ten years imprisonment; but immediately upon entering his cell the unfortunate man swallowed strychnine and died.

It appears that of the money thus fraudulently obtained, Gardiner deposited $130,000 in the Mechanic's Banking Association of New York. This sum was claimed by the United States and by John Charles Gardiner, as administrator of his brother's estate. The final award gives the United States the principal and the administrator the accumulated interest upon the fund at five per cent., amounting to $52,000.

This is consequently the end of the celebrated Gardiner fraud.

ANECDOTE OF GOVERNOR SEWARD.—Cozzens, in his last *Wing Prem*, tells an old story, which, he says, few persons have not heard. When governor of New York, Seward, in those pre-railroad days, had occasion to visit a certain part of the State and accordingly, mounted upon the box of the mail coach, in order that he might enjoy his cigar and the scenery. The driver was an inquisitive fellow, and his passenger humored him.

"Land agent?" said the driver.

"No, quoth Seward.

"Selling goods?

"No.

"Travelling preacher?

"No.

"Circus?

"No.

"What then? said the baffled driver, "what is your business?

"Governor, replied Seward, with a tranquil puff.

"Governor of what?

"Governor of the state of New York, replied the smoking passenger with composure.

"Get out!

"Well, I can convince you of that," said Seward, "for here is a man on the road with whom I am acquainted, and, as the stage passed by, he saluted him, "Good morning, Mr. Bunker, I want to ask you a question—am I not the Governor of New York?"

"No, by thunder!" was Bunker's unexpected answer.

"Who is, then?" said the startled smoker.

"Thurlow Weed!"

CURIOUS HISTORICAL FACT.—During the troubles in the reign of Charles., a country girl came to London in search of a place as a servant maid, but not succeeding, she hired herself to carry out beer from a brew-house, and was one of those called tub-women. The brewer, seeing a good-looking girl in this low occupation, took her into his own family as a servant and, after a short time, married her, but he died while she was a young woman, and left her the bulk of his fortune. The business of the brewry was dropped, and the young woman was recommended to Mr. Hyde, as a skilful lawyer, to arrange her husband's affairs. Hyde, who was afterwards the Earl of Clarendon, finding the widow's fortune very considerable, married her. Of this marriage there was no other issue than a daughter, who was afterwards the wife of James II., and mother of Mary and Anne, Queens of England.

The late king of Prussia once sent to an aide-decamp, Colonel Malachowki, who was brave but poor, a small portfolio, bound like a book, in which were deposited five hundred crowns. Some time afterwards he met the officer, and said to him, 'Ah, well, how did you like the new work which I sent to you?' 'Excessively, sire,' replied the colonel.—'I read it with such interest that I expect the second volume with impatience.' The King smiled, and when the officer's birthday arrived, he presented him with another portfolio, simular in every respect to the first, but with these words engraved upon it:—'This book is complete in two volumes.'

A GOOD BEGGAR.—An 'Italian' wife, who begged for a living in Cincinnati, recently ran off with another man, because his 'professional skill' in the art of begging was greater than her husband's. She took about $1,000 with her. The husband expresses profound reget, as she was one of the best beggars he ever saw in Europe or America.

If you do when you are alone what you are unwilling to do in the presence of your acquaintances, you respect them more than you do yourself.

All who have meditated on the art of governing mankind have been convinced that the fate of empires depend on the education of youth.

Democratic Pioneer.

J. B. GODWIN, : : : : : : : Editor.

ELIZABETH CITY:

TUESDAY MORNING, AUGUST 16, 1859.

TO OUR SUBSCRIBERS.

Owing to a new arrangement in the publishing department, we shall not issue the *Pioneer* for the next two weeks.—We are satisfied that our friends will have no objection to the suspension of our paper, when they are informed that we are determined, if encouraged, to make the *Pioneer* equal, in typographical execution, to any paper published in this State.

THE ELECTION—THE RESULT—THE CAUSE.

It is by no means a pleasant task that we are to day called on to perform. We have sustained an overwhelming defeat in this district, and could we, consistent with our duty, allow it to pass without a word it would be more gratifying to our feelings. But to do so, under existing circumstances, would be a gross and inexcusable neglect of the obligations which we owe the party to which we belong, and an act of injustice towards the able and distinguished gentleman that has so fearlessly and faithfully vindicated our cause in the recent campaign. We bow submissively to the will of the majority, and could we believe that the verdict had been rendered in accordance with a free, sober, and unbiased judgment—a judgment not swayed by improper influences, not warped by misrepresentations, or led astray by trickery and deception, we should say to our opponents enjoy your triumph, nobly and honorably won. The history of the canvass will not allow us to award to the "Opposition" any such credit; they have gained a victory, but it is a victory bought at the expense of honesty and truth; they have triumphed, but it is a triumph shrouded and disfigured by the deceptions practiced upon an honest and confiding people. The time will come when the participators in the game recently played off upon the hundreds of unsuspecting voters throughout the district will hang their heads in shame—if there be any shame in their composition. The conduct of these men must and *will* be exposed; the victims of these double tongue tricksters will discover that they have been cheated, gulled, duped with false promises, and their indignation will fall heavily upon their deceivers.

The campaign of 1840 will long be remembered for the unblushing humbuggery and the brazen face chestery which characterized it, but the contest just over will live in the memory when that of 1840 has no trace in the recollection of man.

Hundreds of unsuspecting and honest voters were duped into the support of Mr. Smith by misrepresentation and false promises. The Revenue bill, a necessity from whig legislation—has been, in a great measure, the instrument used for the accomplishment of the schemes of these power hunting *patriots*. For this bill the Democratic party was held responsible. It was held up a bug-bear to frighten those who were deprived of the opportunity of examining for themselves. They were told to vote for Mr. Smith and the taxes would be lessened; to vote for Mr. Smith, and the burden of taxation would be knocked off altogether; to vote for Mr. Smith, and times would be better—business would revive; "VOTE FOR MR. SMITH AND SAVE YOUR MONEY." These things were whispered into the ears of the credulous where they could not be contradicted, and served the purpose of the designing and unscrupulous partisan. They dare not tell these base fabrications where the voice of truth could nail them to the counter as the spurious coinage of corrupt hearts; they dare not declare openly these disgusting and abominable falsehoods, because they knew too well that they would be convicted of attempting to practice a gross deception upon the ignorant and unlearned; but in the high ways and hedges, wherever they could find a ear to listen, when the head was not capable of detecting the gross and bare-faced absurdity of the statements, there these slanders and shameless fabrications were retailed with an earnestness that carried conviction to the heart of the hearer and consumated the dirty work which these political tricksters had in hand. We admire a bold and manly opponent, one that will proclaim his sentiments from the house top and assail his adversary in open day, and when he can defend himself, but for an enemy that will skulk in the dark and strike in a way that he would not were an honest eye upon him, we entertain only feelings of disgust, scorn, and contempt.

We know that these scandalous and absurd misrepresentations have been made, and we know that men have been influenced by them, but we also know that a day of retribution will come, that the duped and cheated will find that their taxes will not be lessened or the times made better by the election of Mr. Smith, and terrible will be the reaction.

The "high taxes," as they are termed by the Opposition, thus used, have been principally instrumental in producing the disastrous result, yet the unstinted abuse, lavish denunciation, wholesale slanders, and groundless charges against the administration and the Democratic party, have not been without their influence. One of the means adopted in this scheme of detraction and vilification was the circulation of that tissue of falsehoods, that base and inexcusable collection of vile and infamous slanders—that monstrosity in the way of political documents, "*What it costs to be governed.*" The author of this mendacious and delectable pamphlet, though unscrupulous enough to get it up, had not the effrontery to attach his name to it; fatherless, it was sent forth to infuse its poison. So grossly unfounded were the statements which it contained, that many of the Opposition, where it was exposed, ventured to deny that it had originated with the party to which they belonged.

But we have said, a day of retribution will come. Error may prevail for awhile, but the light of truth will dissipate it as the rising sun dispels the morning mist.

"Truth crushed to earth will rise again,
The eternal years of God are hers;
While Error, wounded, writhes in pain,
And dies amid its worshippers."

HON. H. M. SHAW.

By means never before resorted to in a canvass, the distinguished gentleman whose name heads this article has been defeated by the Opposition, by a large majority in the late congressional contest. He has been defeated, but the fault is not his. He has done all that could be required of him. The standard entrusted to his hands by a convention of his party has not been dishonored; he has borne it fearlessly through the campaign, defended it gallantly, and returned it unstained. Against foes of every kind he has battled; valliantly has he encountered the combined hosts of Know-Nothing Whiggery and stood unmoved amid the thickest of the fight. Though defeated he, to-day, stands higher in the estimation and affections of his party than at any previous time, and that party will not forget his services.

How well he has played his part in the recent drama may be gathered from the vote which he has received. In *only four* counties has his vote decreased from that of 1857, and in these he falls off but seventy five votes, while in the remaining nine counties he gains THREE HUNDRED AND FIFTEEN. In Mr. Smith's own county he has increased his strength eighteen votes. By the most extraordinary efforts the Opposition have succeeded in polling an unusual number of votes, thus securing the election of Mr. Smith.

The Democracy are defeated but not discouraged; the disastrous result will only stir them up anew and nerve them for another fight. They contend for principles, and those principles are deeply enshrined in the hearts of the people. They will triumph upon the next battle ground.

THE FOREIGN VOTE.

In this town nearly the entire foreign vote was given to the Opposition. We were surprised at this. But two or three years back and the men who they are now strengthening by their suffrages were leagued together by solemn oath to deprive them of all political power, to extend the period of naturalization, to force them to be residents of this country twenty one years before they should be entitled to exercise the right of franchise. In opposition to these unjust and oppressive requirements, the Democratic party interposed its strength, and saved to the naturalized citizen the rights and privileges of which Know Nothingism sought to deprive him. This is the return for the inestimable service rendered him by the Democratic party. That party stood between the foreigner and his oppressors, and shielded him from harm. Dr. Shaw canvassed this district, defending him from the attacks of the representative of the secret order, sustaining his rights, and demanding justice for him at the hands of the people. The gratitude of these naturalized citizens is shown by voting for a man who is the leader of the party that attempted to crush him; who, two years ago, was the candidate of the Whig and "*American*" party, and, now that he is elected, should occasion require, will, if he carry out the wishes of his Know Nothing friends, vote in opposition to their interests.

They may have acted conscientiously, but they have been guilty of a piece of injustice, that, we believe, they will seek to repair.

☞ The Opposition have been parading the opinion of Democratic speakers and writers in relation to the extravagance and corruption of the Democratic party. They contend that such opinions are good in sustaining their charges. We produce a like piece of testimony from their principal Maryland organ, the Baltimore *Clipper* bearing upon themselves, which, of course, they will not object to. The *Clipper*, has some right to know what sort of men it has in its party, and we, therefore, give its opinion that our readers may likewise learn something of them. The Clipper says:—

"There are men who belong to the American party only because it is dominant, who came to it when it was able to give office, and will leave it at the first indications of defeat, and who, *using it only for their own purposes, are entirely unscrupulous as to the agencies they employ, the evil passions they excite, and the dangerous machinery they set in motion.* There are others who go up and down seeking whom they may devour—political hyenas who live upon the blood of candidates. Neither class is numerous, but both are dangerous. They are the camp followers. Ever in the rear of the victorious army, and living by what they pick up."

WESLEYAN FEMALE COLLEGE.

Professor J. Williams has laid upon our table the annual catalogue of the above institution, from which we learn that the College is in a most flourishing condition. There is no institution that commends itself more highly to the consideration of the public, and we are glad to learn that its prospects for the future are of the most flattering character.

THE SUPERIORITY OF THE PRESENT AGE.

An address delivered before Franklin Literary Society of Oxford, N.C, by Frank I. Wilson, Esq., has been received by us from the office of N. C. Standard, of which Mr. Wilson is one of the Editors. The address fully sustains the reputation of its author, for a clear headed the forcible writer

CORRECTION.

In a portion of our last issue, in the fifth line, second paragraph, of our leader, *pro*-slavery was inserted when it should have been *anti*-slavery.

FIRST CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

OFFICIAL VOTE.

	1857.		1859.	
	Shaw, Dem.	Smith, K. N.	Shaw, Dem.	Smith, K. N.
Currituck	611	167	658	236
Camden	106	512	109	538
Pasquotank	356	532	340	569
Perquimans	282	372	280	431
Gates	367	386	406	452
Chowan	265	210	286	294
Hertford	275	457	293	479
Northampton	672	490	758	599
Halifax	729	536	759	562
Martin	708	334	750	352
Bertie	479	575	506	665
Washington	298	386	255	471
Tyrrel	145	299	131	397
	5293	5255	5531	6045
	5255			5531
Shaw's Maj	38	Smith's Maj		514

VOTE OF DISTRICT BY PRECINCTS

We give below the vote of the counties composing this District, as far as we have received the same, by precincts. We hope to be able to publish the vote of Gates, Northampton, and Tyrrell counties in our next—that of Pasquotank appeared in last week's paper:

CURRITUCK COUNTY.

PRECINCTS.	SMITH.	SHAW.
Powell's Point	8	47
North Banks	27	45
Roanoke Island	37	40
Poplar Branch	5	62
Narrow Shore	6	19
Coenjock	16	145
Court House	10	45
Knott's Island	4	102
Tull's Creek	13	34
Gibb's Woods	1	22
Moyock	36	46
Indian Ridge	73	51
	236	658
		236
Shaw's maj.		422

CAMDEN COUNTY.

PRECINCTS.	SMITH.	SHAW.
Court House	160	37
Canal Bridge	143	49
Old Trap	235	23
	538	109
	109	
Smith's maj.	429	

PERQUIMANS COUNTY.

PRECINCTS.	SMITH.	SHAW.
Hertford	237	168
New Hope	85	73
Up River	109	39
	431	280
	280	
Smith's maj.	151	

CHOWAN COUNTY.

	SMITH.	SHAW.
Edenton,	209	112
Middle Ground	29	100
Upper "	56	74
	294	286
	286	
Smith's majority	8	

HERTFORD COUNTY.

	SMITH.	SHAW.
Winton	188	51
Murfreesboro	134	94
St. John's	24	104
Pitch Landing	39	20
Harrellsville	93	24
	479	293
	293	
Smith's majority	186	

BERTIE COUNTY.

PRECINCTS.	SMITH.	SHAW.
Windsor	326	116
Salmon Creek	87	61
White's	33	26
Colerain	159	56
Mitchell's	7	11
Snake Bite	79	171
Hotel	44	27
Roxabel	40	38
	665	506
	506	
Smith's maj.	159	

WASHINGTON COUNTY.

	SMITH.	SHAW.
Plymouth	231	95
Lee's Mills	68	72
Germanton	57	40
Cool Spring	120	48
	471	255
	255	
Smith's majority	216	

HALIFAX COUNTY.

	SMITH.	SHAW.
Halifax	23	52
Crowell's X Roads	83	18
Ringwood	57	55
Littleton	20	58
Brinkleyville	20	26
Enfield	71	89
Pittard's	16	157
Roseneath	1	103
Heathsville	6	72
Weldon	54	60
Palmyra	9	91
Greenwood	138	47
Potkins	64	3
	562	759
		562
Shaw's maj.,		197

MARTIN COUNTY.

	SMITH.	SHAW.
Jamesville	135	69
Jones'	6	6
Griffin's	4	72
Williamston	79	212
Peal's	00	32
Bear Grass	6	91
Flat Swamp	9	101
Goosenest	30	59
Hamilton	83	108
	352	750
		352
Shaw's maj.,		398

MR. HOLDEN'S ADDRESS.

We have received from the *Standard* office a copy of Mr. Holden's eloquent and able address, delivered before the Young Ladies of the Raleigh Female Seminary, and for which our thanks are returned. We wish that we could lay this exquisite production of Mr. Holden in full before our readers; it is worthy their perusal. We cannot avoid copying the following extract, which, for beauty and eloquence, will compare favorably with any thing that we have seen.—In referring to the Psalms of David, Mr. Holden says:

We are accustomed to think of the universality of Homer, Virgil, Shakspeare, and Milton; but the Psalm of David have been read and chanted in thousands of places and by thousands of tongues where their language is unknown.

In the broad high spaces of the Jewish temple—in the halls of Zion—by the waters of Babylon—on the Mount of Olives—by the brook Kedron—by the river Jordan, rolling its sacred waters to the sea,—on the plains of Bethlehem, where the shepherds watched, and where, one balmy night, most glorious in the record of perpetual years, the voices of the angelic hosts were heard, announcing the birth of the Redeemer, and the landscape and the faces of the watchers were irradiated by the flashing crowns of heaven, as their wearers, shedding music from their wings, swept by,—throughout Palestine and over all Asia—in the seven churches, whose altars have vanished and whose candlesticks have been removed—in the armies of the crusaders, mingling with the heroic shouts of innumerable warrior-pilgrims—upon the summits and in the valleys of the Alps—amid the forests of Germany—among the followers of Luther, Calvin, Knox, Wesley, and Whitfield—by the Scottish Covenanters, the English Dissenters, and the English Churchmen—in the Cathedrals of Italy, in the infancy of the Roman Catholic Church—beneath the frescoed temples of Tuscany and France—upon the Danube, the Rhine, the Ganges, the Nile, and the Amazon—in the balmy islands of the Southern and amid the eternal glaciers of the Northern seas—in the depths of Australia—in the Wilds of America,—clear as chrystal, and pouring in beauty from the heaven-touched lips of the royal singer along the harp of ages, in every land and beneath every sky, have these glorious, heart-reviving canticles been said and sung.

In touching tenderness of narrative, in its tendency to enlarge the ideas and elevate the mind—in its portrayals of the human heart, with its weaknesses, its passions, its hopes, and its vanities—in sublimity of style, and in the events of which it treats, there is no such book in the world. How tender, how sublime, how touching the music of its words of hope and salvation! What more tender language, for example, than that of Christ, "Come unto me, all ye that labor, and are heavy laden, and I will give you rest?" And what picture like that, glowing on the forefront of the eternal ages, of the impersonation of God himself, bending towards Jerusalem and exclaiming, "O Jerusalem, Jerusalem, thou that killest the prophets and stonest them which are sent unto thee, how often would I have gathered thy children together, even as a hen gath reth her chickens under her wings; and ye would not.' And what scene, since the world began, since the universe was fashioned, has surpassed in awful sublimity and blinding terror, that scene of which Mount Calvary was the 'centre'—when the sun was darkened, and the stars went out, and the earth quaked and shivered as it sped on in space, and when the dead got up from their leaden slumbers, and stalked into the presence of living men!

☞ The Williamston *Banner* complains that it has not received the *Pioneer* for two or three weeks. The fault is not with us; the *Pioneer* is regularly mailed to the *Banner*, as it is to our subscribers.

THE PARTHENIAN, a handsome periodical, by the Pupils of the Baltimore Female College, the September number of which is before us. Its contents are interesting, and instructive, and indicate a high order of talent among the pupils of the College. Price $1,00 per annum.

☞ Our friend, Dr. S. J. Wheeler, has our thanks for a copy of the minutes of the Chowan Baptist Association.

CORPORATION PROCEEDINGS.

E. CITY, N. C., Aug. 15, 1859.

Corporation of E. City met at the Clerk's Office. Present; W. W. Kennedy, Mayor; R. K. Speed, J. W. Hinton, Jos. Lawrence and W. G. Pool.

Thomas J. Murden made application, through the Mayor, to be released from the collection of the tax list for the present year. On motion, the application was refused, and ordered that he be notified of the same by the Clerk.

Dr. R. K. Speed was appointed to act as Mayor, *pro tem*, during the absence of the Mayor.

Ordered that side logs be placed upon Road Street, from Griffin Street, to Ehringhans Street, on the West side, and that Dr. Speed be authorized to have the same done.

Ordered that the Bill of Keeling and Brocks, $3, for printing, be allowed.

Ordered that Dr. Pool's Bill of $14,28 for half amount side logs be allowed.

Adjourned.

From the Fayetteville Observer.

THE SUPERIOR COURTS.

The Fall Circuits, we learn, have been arranged as follows:

Edenton,	Judge Manley
Newbern,	" Saunders
Raleigh,	" Shepherd.
Hillsboro',	" Dick.
Wilmington,	" Caldwell.
Salisbury,	" Heath.
Morganton,	" Bailey.

NORTH CAROLINA CONGRESSIONAL DELEGATION.—The Wilmington (N. C.,) Herald says that Smith, Opposition, is elected in the first district by 514 majority; Gilmer, Opposition, in the 5th district, by over 2,000 majority; Leach, Opposition, in the 8th district, formerly represented by Mr. Clingman, by somewhere about 3,000 majority. The delegation will therefore consist of four Opposition and four Democratic members. In the last delegation Mr. Gilmer was the only Opposition member.

THE RESULT OF THE RECENT CONGRESSIONAL ELECTIONS.

According to the latest information, the next delegation from Tennessee, Kentucky, North Carolina, and Alabama, will stand as follows:

TENNESSEE.

Districts.
1. T. A. R. Nelson, Opposition. Gain.
2. Horace Maynard, "
3. R. B. Bradson, "
4. W. B. Stokes, "
5. R. Hatton, "
6. Jas. H. Thomas, Democrat,
7. Jno. V. Wright, "
8. Jas M. Quarles, Opposition.
9. Emerson Etheridge, Oppn. Gain.
10. W. T. Avery, Democrat.

KENTUCKY.

Districts.
1. Henry C. Burnett, Democrat.
2. Samuel O. Peyton, "
3. Francis M. Bristow, Opposition.
4. Wm. C. Anderson, Oppn. Gain.
5. J. Young Brown, Democrat.
6. Green Adams, Opposition. Gain.
7. Robert Mallory, Opposition.
8. To be contested.
9. Leban T. Moore. Opposition. Gain.
10. John W. Stevenson, Democrat.

NORTH CAROLINA.

Districts.
1. W. N. H. Smith, Opposition. Gain.
2. Thos. Ruffin, Democrat.
3. Warren Winslow, Democrat.
4. L. O'B Branch, Democrat.
5. J. A. Gilmer, Opposition.
6. J. M. Leach, Opposition. Gain.
7. Burton Craige, Democrat.
8. Z. B. Vance, Opposition.

ALABAMA.

Districts.
1. James A. Stallworth, Democrat.
2. James L. Pugh, Democrat.
3. David Clopton, Democrat.
4. Sydenham Moore, Democrat.
5. George S. Houston, Democrat.
6. W. R. W. Cobb, Democrat.
7. J. L. M. Curry, Democrat.

WOULD ANY SOUTHERN PARTY MAKE WAR UPON NORTHERN INSTITUTIONS?

It was justly and forcibly remarked by the Hon. JEFFERSON DAVIS, in his recent speech at Jackson, Mississippi, that there never has been a time when any considerable portion of the Southern people could be brought to adopt such a course towards the North as the black-republican party are pursuing towards the South. The latter would elect, if they could, a President on the platform of SEWARD'S Rochester speech. The converse of the proposition could never be true, as applied to the Southern people.

'Is there' (said the distinguished senator) 'one of you who would support a Southern candidate for the presidency who avowed his purpose, if elected, to use the power of his office to crush or to assail a domestic institution of the Northern States?'

We believe that Mr. DAVIS did no more than justice to the citizens of the South when he declared that their history proved that such unpatriotic conduct would never receive their countenance or support.

On the same occasion Mr. DAVIS corrected an idea that had some currency, in reference to the opposition which the South has manifested towards Sewardism. That opposition is not sectional. It is not antagonism to *Northern* men, as such, but to the pestilent spirit of abolitionism, and to the hostility which is shown to the institutions of the South. On this subject the senator said:

Considering the next presidential election, because of the circumstances and the distinctness of the issues as the line of breakers which, if passed, would place us out of all immediate and prospective danger, how very small become all questions of personal preference? And this reminds me that the declaration made by me last fall, and which was substantially the same as that made on this occasion, has been misrepresented as an announcement on my part, and with your approbation, of a desire to dissolve the Union if a northern man should be next chosen for the presidency! When have we ever drawn such narrow sectionality? Whose votes elected Pierce? Who came in mass to the contest for Buchanan? It is not for office we strive, but for principle and the ends of justice. Let our standard-bearer be he who can carry it to victory; above all, let him be one who will conceal no part of its inscription, but will throw its folds most freely to the wind when the storm blows hardest.

Future peace is our object, and this is only to be gained by the unequivocal decision of issues fairly and distinctly joined.

We have nothing to retract, no new position to assume. Your attitude is the same as that taken in the central meeting and subsequent joint-party convention of 1849. You then asserted that the constitutional recognition and guarantee to slave property placed it beyond the power of Congress, and that the power to legislate for the Territories was to protect the citizen and his property, not to declare what should be property; you then, as did the legislature of the succeeding year, declared your devoted and cherished attachment to the Union, with the reservation that it should not be changed into an engine of oppression.

Misrepresentation has busily pursued you; but sooner or later, more speedily or slower, I have an abiding faith that truth will yet be vindicated in whole, as it has already been in part.

Sincerely do I pray that your sentiment of nationality may never have occasion to be less, that the national pride in being the citizen of a great country, whose flag is known and respected on every sea and on every land, may increase with increasing years and grow with growing strength.

I trust that a sanguine temperament does not mislead me to the belief that the mists of sectional prejudice are steadily though slowly floating away, and that a sad experience will not prove to have been delusive, the hope which now shows to me the breaking of a brighter dawn, which promises to our country a happier day than this. But it is the first ray in the east which bids us be up and doing, and the fate of the sluggard will be ours if the promise of success does not wake us to additional preparation, energy, and effort.—*Constitution.*

A GOOD BEGGAR.—An 'Italian' wife, who begged for a living in Cincinnati, recently ran off with another man, because his 'professional skill' in the art of begging was greater than her husband's. She took about $1,000 with her. The husband expresses profound reget, as she was one of the best beggars he ever saw in Europe or America.

THE DUEL BETWEEN MESSRS. MOWRY AND CROSS.—*Exciting Scene.*—The Cincinnati Commercial has a letter giving the particulars of the duel between Lieut. Sylvester Mowry, delegate from Arizona to Congress, and Edward E. Cross, of the 'Arizonian.' It was fought at Tubac, in that territory, on the 8th ult. Mr. Geo. D. Mercer acted as Lieut. Mowry's friend, and Capt. John Donaldson, United States custom-house officer at Calabassas, seconded Mr. Cross. The challenged party chose rifles of the Burnside patent, and forty paces were agreed upon. The writer says:

About thirty spectators were present, comprising nearly two-thirds of the American residents within a circuit of fifty miles. It was a characteristic frontier spectacle. Every man on the ground was armed with revolvers and bowie knives, and strong partisan feelings were manifested. The principals took their stations, and the word was given by Mr. Geo. D. Mercer, Lieut. Mowry's second. Three shots were exchanged without effect. Upon the fourth round, the cap on Mowry's rifle did not explode, while Cross' ball whistled harmlessly past his antagonist. Mowry held his rifle still levelled, as an indication that he had not had his shot, and many, not understanding the code, supposed that he designed trying it again. Several grasped their pistols as if to shoot him down, and there were cries of "Hold your fire!" "Don't shoot, Mowry!" Meanwhile Cross stood perfectly calm, awaiting the result. Mr. Mercer advanced, when Mowry immediately lowered his rifle and handed it to his second. They still claimed their shot as a right under the code. Mr. Cross unhesitatingly expressed his willingness to grant it, but his second demurred. After conferring with several gentlemen familiar with the code, who agreed with Mr. Mowry that he was entitled to the shot, Capt. Donaldson acquiesced, and Mr. Cross, handing him his rifle, folded his arms, apparently unconcerned, and faced his antagonist.

At this stage of the proceedings the spectators became terribly excited. Many, perhaps a majority, thought it unfair, and some spoke of putting a summary stop to the whole affair; but, upon learning that those present, supposed to be best acquainted with the duello, had declared him entitled to it, they reluctantly fell back. At the word of command, Mr. Mowry fired in the air, and declared himself satisfied.—Cross had stood, with heroic valor, directly facing him, not knowing that he could rely upon his generosity to decline firing upon an unarmed foe, fully expecting death, and yet not a nerve trembled—not a single evidence of fear was displayed. His antagonist was completely unmanned. Tears sprung into his eyes, and all enmity vanished before such an exhibition. A brave man could not look upon even a deadly foe, thus circumstanced, without feeling deep emotion.

Mr. Mercer, Mowry's second, crossed the field, and taking Cross by the hand, informed him that Mr. Mowry was satisfied. They started forward to meet Mowry who was advancing, and after shaking hands, they stood some minutes to receive the congratulations of their friends. Both gentlemen are excellent shots, but there was a very strong wind at the time, making good shooting impossible, especially with the weapons chosen for this rencounter. The Burnside rifle weighs but 7½ pounds, is short and not well balanced.—The ball is a large slug, over one ounce in weight. They will project a ball 1,000 yards, and like all guns ranged for long distances, are not well adapted for close shooting. Mowry's first shot grazed his antagonist's ear, causing an involuntary dodge, just perceptible, and Mr. Cross' second shot caused a similar movement on the part of Mr. Mowry.

THE LATEST POLITICAL INFAMY.

It is not the purpose of this article to comment upon the letter signed with the name of Henry A. Wise, which has disfigured the columns of many papers for the past few days. If it is a forgery, it will sink behind the villany of its conception, and be not long remembered by honest men; if, on the other hand, it is genuine, we should never be willing to add one syllable of embarrassment to a man who has been made the subject of a most infamous treason, and for whom we feel the sincerest sympathy.

We are quite sure that, however differences of opinion may exist in regard to Governor Wise and his views, the great body of fair-minded men will agree with us in the assertion that the circumstances attending the disclosure render the whole matter utterly unworthy the popular attention, and degrading to the press that makes use of it.

A correspondent of the New York *Herald*, writing from Albany, pretends to give the history of the publication of this letter.

That somebody is answerable for a basely mean conspiracy no one can doubt, and that newspaper editors have done themselves great injustice, and Gov. Wise a foul wrong, in availing themselves of it, is equally unquestionable.

There are not many moral crimes more despicable than the betrayal of confidence, in exposing to the public eye a letter, wherein are contained sentiments, freely and frankly expressed in the fearlessness of a trustful friendship, and near a kin to this is the disclosure by third parties of such information as chance has thrown in their possession. The best of us all write letters which would not bear the scrutiny of those who neither sympathize with our feelings nor appreciate our motives. Society as much demands the proper covering for the personal concerns of its members, as it requires decent habiliments for the physicial nakedness of these members. It is this principle which binds us together in our fraternal relations of mutual trust and security; without it, society would at once become an intercourse destitute of charity, and honor, and love.

And what shall we say to those journals, who, by giving publicity to this private epistle, wink at the betrayal, pointing, as it were, to the nakedness thus made visible—especially those journals which have taken it upon themselves to laugh and scoff, and affect a pseudo morality, which bears on its face a mind of depravity?—Shall we call *them* infamous?

We will not do so, for that would be discourteous. We will neither characterize them as wanting in an elevated dignity because a cotemporary of our own city has so far forgotten itself as to present its readers with a copy, and commented thereon. But this we will say, that those who are so ready to lay open the faults of others, may not themselves be free from gross faults, and that in parading before the country confidence which was [illegible] received, they betray a sad [illegible] true, genuine principle of politics [illegible] to say nothing of brotherly kindness; and with no other object [illegible] our love of honesty and earnest [illegible] the purity of the editorial [illegible] to see no more of it.—*States.*

ABOLITIONISTS SELLING SLAVES.—The Franklin *Patriot*, published at Hamilton, Me., gives some curious details relative to the sale of slaves for the benefit of Abolitionists. Here is the story:

The cheap nature of Abolitionism—the [illegible] thy for the negro slave—the [illegible] heartedness of Black Republicanism—have been admirably illustrated by the [illegible] sale of a lot of young slaves in [illegible] by order of their Republican [illegible] siding in Farmington and vicinity.

A Mr. Rice died some three years ago in Boonville, Missouri, where he was [illegible] leaving an estate of some fifteen hundred dollars, about half of which consisted of slave property. Dying without children, his brothers and sisters and their representatives inherited the estate. Three of the heirs reside in this town, one in New Sharon, one in Farmington, and one is Lowell, Massachusetts; and, as we understand, all of them belong to that class who are ready to "shriek for freedom" and drop crocodile tears over the sufferings of the "poor slave." This winding up affords an excellent opportunity to test the sincerity of their professions.

As these slaves came into their possession without any effort, cost or sacrifice on their part to obtain them, it would seem to be more reasonable to expect the proceeds of the sale at their hands than from Southern slaveholders who have paid for the slaves they acquired them as they do other property. Having been accustomed to their services, and familiar with the institution all their lives, it is not likely that they will yet the result proves the reverse. It is true; for Southerners do frequently permit their slaves, while these consistent anti-slavery Republicans unanimously decided to have their slaves sold into perpetual bondage which they have so strenuously denounced as the "sum of all villainies." Their decision has been carried into effect. The slaves have been sold by the administrator in Missouri, according to their orders. A gentleman of this town, who went to Missouri as agent for the heirs to close up the estate, has returned, bringing with him six thousand dollars dividends arising from the sale of slaves and other property. Of this time, a portion of the property has been sold on time, the proceeds of which are not yet available.

Doubtless these "freedom and liberty" brethren will continue to agitate the abolition of slavery—giggling the money in their pockets while the Southern slaveholders, including those whom they have sold theirs, for getting their headmen. Such is the [illegible] publicanism in New England!

EXCITING TIMES IN THE NAUVOO LEGION UNDER ARMS.

A correspondent of the *S. Lake* [illegible] lican, under date of Salt Lake [illegible] 16th, says:

Since my last we have had some excitement in Zion, which occasioned [illegible] lows:—Last week Capt. Dixon of the second dragoons, returning trip North, up in the neighborhood Bear River, and passed through [illegible] en route to Camp Floyd.—He arrived about three miles south-east, and had everything fixed, a man rode into his camp, and said "that he was in the wheat field, and requested him to [illegible] This the Captain refused to do, [illegible] fellow becoming insolent, he put him under guard.

In a short time the news [illegible] city, and every nerve and [illegible] mobilism was apparently electrified. [illegible] usual they appealed to the Governor, who unfortunately, does not choose to [illegible] himself to the legitimate duties of [illegible] but with a benevolence, which [illegible] does his heart credit, he listens [illegible] sumes a guardianship over many [illegible] about which he need not fret, and [illegible] over official anxiety to preserve it. [illegible] About eleven o'clock that night [illegible] the Nauvoo Legion, on horseback, [illegible] seen galloping through the [illegible] with carbines, &c., headed by Lieut. [illegible] eral Daniel H. Wells, one of the [illegible] dency, and third in rank from [illegible] Young. Of course, with such [illegible] sing tramp and gallop we expected [illegible] and every Gentile swung on his [illegible] while Capt. Anderson, who had [illegible] formed of their manœuvres, [illegible] with a full company of one hundred goons, who could have sprung [illegible] ment.

The Governor sent a request [illegible] Capt. A. to deliver up the prisoner, [illegible] he declined; in the meantime the [illegible] cohorts were parading the streets, [illegible] took good care not to approach [illegible] derson's camp. At one time they [illegible] ded Secretary Hartnett's house, [illegible] Governor was holding his court, [illegible] their presence was so obnoxious [illegible] Hartnett ordered them off several [illegible] and finally the Gov. himself came [illegible] them to go, which left us with no [illegible] scouts who occasionally galloped up [illegible] house and rode off again, the [illegible] the Legion being fixed around on the [illegible] streets in various parts of the city. [illegible] continued on in this manner until [illegible] two and three o'clock in the [illegible] when Judge Sinclair was aroused from [illegible] slumbers to issue a writ of *habeas corpus* [illegible] the poor Mormon in Anderson's camp, [illegible] thus relieve the anxious fears of Anti-Monism, and the *fears* of the Nauvoo Legion in particular, which was done.

GENIUS AND LABOR.—Alexander Hamilton once said to an intimate friend, "Don't give me some credit for genius. All the genius that I have lies in this: When I have a subject in hand, I study it profoundly. Day and night it is before me. I explore it in all its bearings. My mind becomes pervaded with it. Then, the effort of what I made is what the people are pleased to call the fruits of genius. It is the fruit of labor and thought."

Mr. Webster once replied to a gentleman who pressed him to speak on a subject of great importance: "This subject lies near me deeply, but I have not time. Sir," pointing to a large pile of letters on his table, "is a pile of unanswered letters to which I must reply before the end of the session, (which was then three days off.) I have not time to make a speech."

so as to do it justice." "But, Mr. ister, a few words from you would do uch to awaken public attention to it." there be such weight in my words as represent, it is because I do not allow elf to speak on any subject till I have ued my mind with it.'

emonthenes was once urged to speak great and sudden emergency. "I am prepared," said he, and obstinately re- d.

he law of labor is equally binding on us and mediocrity.

ome rash individual says: 'When I lost wife, every family in town offered me ber; but when I lost my horse, no one ed to make him good.'

DIED,

n Tuesday morning last, Mrs. LOU- ROGERS, consort of STEPHEN ROGERS, about 30 years.

ut a few days since, this estimable la- as in good health and bid fair to live y years; but in an unexpected hour destroyer came, and ruthlessly bore to the narrow house appointed for all living. Though the notice of her going e was brief, she was not found unpre- d; she had put on the garment of eousness, and when called "all things ready." She has left a husband, children, and numerous relatives to n a loss to them irreparable. She made a profession of religion, and ed herself to the Baptist Church, her devout and pious life gives proof she is now enjoying the rest and hap- ss promised to the "dead who die in Lord.' She was highly esteemed by relatives and acquaintances for her good and estimable virtues.

lessed are the dead who die in the for they rest from their labors, and works do follow them."

R.

NOTICE.

ill be sold on the 20th, inst., at A. E. os Store on Nag's Head, A lino of Rum. S. A. BAUM.

City, Aug. 16th, 1859.

EXCURSION TO BEAUFORT.

HE STEAMER CURLEW, Capt. Burbage will make an excursion to Beau- leaving E. City at 10 o'clock, A. M. August , and Edenton 4 o'clock, P. M. for Nag's , where she will remain until 4 o'clock, A. uesday the 23rd, and then leave for Beau- Round trip $5.00, meals extra. By or- f T. D Warren, President,

T. BURBAGE, Captain.

S. The Steamer John Styles will passengers from Plymouth, Hamil- &c., according to arrangement, and them on board the Curlew at the Cro- Light Boat.

NOTICE.

Y VIRTUE OF A DEED OF TRUST TO me executed by George A. Williams for enefit of the Farmer's Bank. I shall on day the 23d inst., at the Court House, in ty, offer at public sale to the highest bid- the property named in said Deed of Trust, is the Hotel property in Elizabeth City, e Farm near E. City, belonging to said ams. Terms made known on day of sale.

W. W. GRIFFIN, *Trustee.*

City, August 6th, 1859 50—3t

WAVERLY NOVELS.

B. PETERSON & BROTHERS, of Philadelphia, Pa., have surpassed themselves commencing, in weekly issues, the re-publication of Sir Walter Scott's novels, at the low of TWENTY-FIVE CENTS a number, or FIVE DOLLARS for the complete set, comprising thirty-three volumes. We are very glad to see so cheap edition of novels so much superior in their ten- to the watery trash that is written, and we suppose, by foolish people now-a-days. r read them to the fiftieth time, than to time and spoil good taste over the blood thunder of yellow-covered sensation novels. Petersons' have thus far issued ten num- containing each a novel complete, viz., Mortality, Woodstock, Waverley, Ivanhoe, Quentin Durward, Guy Mannering, The Abbot and The Antiquary: we would advise all our readers to send to sers. Petersons for a set of these popular ding works of the great novelist. They now issued at the rate of one a week, and hole twenty-six volumes can be had free stage, by sending five dollars to the pub- rs. All persons now have an opportunity to secure his works which has never before offered, and which may never occur again. present chance should be taken advantage all.

H. CLARK'S NORTH CAROLINA AGRICULTURAL DEPOT,

AND

MACHINE MANUFACTORY ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

he subscriber informs his friends and omers that he has now moved into his

NEW BUILDINGS,

e Water, where may be found all kinds ech nery and Tools for farming purpo- such as—

orse powers different sizes and paterns. heat Thrashers do do rn Shellers do do heat & Corn Fans do do oughs and plough castings, leander's Spring tooth. Reap Hooks, ram Cradles, Scythe Blades, orse Mills for grinding corn meal. and do do do orn and Cob crushers. oes, all kinds, pades and Shovels, anure forks, different kinds, orn Planters, Saunder's and Borum & M'Clean's Improved. at & Straw Cutters, different patterns. ire Cloth for fan Riddles.

CARPENTER'S TOOLS,

AND A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF

HARDWARE.

Blacksmith coal always on hand. ll kinds of Machinery repaired at the test notice.

. S. I will furnish any kind of Machine- that may be wanted by the farmers, if found in my stock, at the shortest no-

W. M. MILLAR,

NO. 11 MARKET SQUARE,

Norfolk, Va.,

AS NOW READY FOR EXHIBITION A NEW,

COMPLETE AND CHEAP

OCK OF SPRING AND SUMMER DRY GOODS,

ch he offers at the

LOWEST PRICES FOR CASH!

oing an exclusive *Cash Business*, we work *Small Profits.* Persons from a distance who not find it convenient to visit our city often, have their orders put up in the best manner. ASE TRY US. MILLAR'S

Cash Bargain Store, Market Square, p 27 Norfolk, Va.

EMOVAL.—J. M. MATHEWS' CLOCK, Watch and Jewelry Store has been remo- to the new building near the corner of Main Road streets, third door South of the Leigh , and opposite the law office of J. L. Ball, ja 18

FOR PETERSBURG, RICHMOND, AND LYNCHBURG.

The Virginia Springs, and all of the important Western Towns, and Cities.

THE NORFOLK & PETERSBURG RAIL ROAD

WILL issue at their Office, in Norfolk, *Through Ticket's and Baggage Check's* at the following rates of Fare:

To Petersburg	$2,40
" Richmond	3,25
" Lynchburg	7,00
" Knoxville, Tenn.	21,04
" Chattanooga	25,41
" Huntsville, Ala	29,39
" Grand Junction, Miss.	31,65
" Memphis Tenn.	32,67
" New Orleans, La.	46.53

Via Richmond and Petersburg, and the Va. Central Rail Roads:

To the Green Briver White Sulphur Springs,	$14,75
" " Sweet Springs,	13,75
" " Rock Bridge, Alum,	12,00

Via the South Side, and the Va. and Tennessee R. Roads,

To the Alleghany Springs, Shawsville Station Va., and Tenn. Rail Road	$10,55

To the Montgomery White Sulphur Springs, Big Tunnel Station, Va., and Tennessee Rail Road, $10,84

Red Sulphur Springs, Dublin Station, Va., and Tenn. Rail Road, $11,85

THE CITIZENS OF ELIZABETH CITY And surrounding country, will find this route by the Norfolk & Petersburg Rail Road, and its connections with other Lines of Road their *most direct, Expeditious, and Economical route to either of the above places.*

The cars leave Norfolk at 1 P. M., daily (Sundays excepted,) and arrive in Petersburg 4 25 P. M.

Passengers going to Richmond, proceed directly on, and reach Richmond at 6 15 P. M. Passengers going *West*, remain over in Petersburg for the night, and proceed by the South Side Road the next morning, leaving at 5.80 A. M.

For the special convenience of persons from that section of North Carolina, who in going to either of the named places, use the route up Black Water, and thence by the Seaboard Road to Weldon, the above Tickets to Richmond and the Virginia Springs will be sold by the Norfolk and Petersburg Rail Road Company. Agent at Suffolk, Va.

Passengers by this route up Black Water, by taking the Accommodation Train of the Seaboard Road, with which the *Boats connect*; arrive in Suffolk at 12 m. Have full time for *Dinner*, and leave by the Norfolk and Petersburg Road, at 2 P. M., arriving at Petersburg, at 4 25, and in Richmond, at 6 15 P. M, the evening of the same day of their arrival at Franklin saving by this *route* $2,15 Rail Road Fare to Petersburg.

Fare by Seaboard & Roanoke Road, from Black Water to Suffolk, $1,00; From Suffolk to Petersburg, by Norfolk and Petersburg Road $2,10; total fare $3.10. Fare from Blackwater to Weldon, $2,25; from Weldon to Petersburg $3,00; total fare $5.25. Difference in favor of Norfolk & Petersburg route, $2,15 to Petersburg, and $2.25 to Richmond. Baggage checked *through* and no expense attending the transfer of *Passengers and* Baggage between Rail Road Depots in Petersburg.

Returning Passengers will find it to their interest to take *through Tickets* to Norfolk. Leaving Richmond 4 30 A. M. Petersburg at 7 A. M. Reach Norfolk at 10 30 A. M. Have the balance of the day in Norfolk. Take the Seaboard Express Train next day at 6 30 A. M — Connecting regularly with the Boat at Black Water. Expenses by this route: Richmond to Norfolk, $3,25; Portsmouth to Black Water $1,80; total fare $5,05. By Weldon route: Richmond to Weldon $4,25; Weldon to Black Water, $2,25; total fare $6,50. *Saving in favor of the route by Norfolk and Petersburg Road* $1.45 *with the option of Norfolk or Suffolk, for more than a half day and night in place of Franklin by the Weldon route.*

WILLIAM MAHONE,

Engineer and Superintendent for the Norfolk and Petersburg Rail Road Company.

Norfolk, Va. July 15th, 1859. 48—tf

HOWARD ASSOCIATION,

PHILADELPHIA.

A Benevolent Institution established by special endowment, for the relief of the sick and distressed, afflicted with Virulent and Epidemic diseases.

THE HOWARD ASSOCIATION, in view of the awful destruction of human life caused by Sexual diseases, several years ago directed their Consulting Surgeon to open a Dispensary for the treatment of this class of diseases, in all their forms, and to give MEDICAL ADVICE GRATIS to all who apply by letter, with a description of their condition, (age, occupation, habits of life, &c.) and in case of extreme poverty, to FURNISH MEDICINES FREE OF CHARGE.

The Directors of the Association, in their late Annual Report express the highest satisfaction with the success which has attended the labors of their Surgeons in the cure of Spermatorrhœa, Seminal Weakness, Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Syphilis, the vice of Onanism or Self-Abuse, Diseases of the Kidneys and Bladder, &c., and order a continuance of the same plan for the ensuing year.

An admirable Report on Spermatorrhœa, or Seminal Weakness, the vice of Onanism, Masturbation, or Self-Abuse, and other diseases of the Sexual organs, by the Consulting Surgeon, will be sent by mail (in a sealed envelope), FREE OF CHARGE, on receipt of TWO STAMPS for postage.

Address, for Report or treatment, DR. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Acting Surgeon, Howard Association, No. 2 South Ninth Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

January 25, 1859—1y.

NEW STORE IN ELIZABETH CITY

I RESPECTFULLY INFORM THE Citizens of Elizabeth City and surrounding country, that I have opened, at the Store lately occupied by J. J. Grandy, Esq., on Water Street, a new and beautiful STOCK OF GOODS.

My stock consists of Dry Goods, Clothing, and Fancy Goods, comprising all the latest styles in these branches, which I offer to the public generally at low rates.

The Ladies

are respectfully invited to examine my stock. I have Dress Goods, Bonnets, Gaiters; in a word, every article wanted by ladies, and to be found in any Store in the City, can be bought of me.

THE GENTLEMEN

of the Town and County will find, upon examining my Goods, that I have, for them, an elegant assortment of Clothing, Hats, Caps, Boots, Shoes, &c., &c. My assortment is very complete.

I have made such arrangements with Northern houses as to receive the latest styles of Goods as soon as they come out. I solicit the patronage of all who are in want of Goods. S. FRANK.

E. City, June 7th, 1859.—1y.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA, CURRITUCK COUNTY.

Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, May Term, 1859.

Hamilton T Cotter, *et als.* To the Court. } Petition to account.

IT APPEARING TO THE SATISfaction of the Court, that Benjamin Kenny and wife Martha, and David Whitehurst and wife Lovey, are not within the limits of this State, it is, therefore, ordered that publication be made in the *Democratic Pioneer*, a paper published in Elizabeth City, for six successive weeks, that said Kenny and wife, and Whitehurst and wife, make their personal appearance before said Court, to be held for the aforesaid County, the last Monday in August next, then and there to answer, plead or demur in this case, or judgment final will be taken.

Witness, J. W. Baxter, Clerk of said Court, at Office in Currituck, the last Monday in May, A. D., 1859.

J. W. BAXTER, C. C. C.

July 5, 1859. 46—6t.

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE

FOR SALE.

THE SUBSCRIBER HAVING RESolved to remove to the Western part of this State, offers for sale at low prices and on easy and accommodating terms, the following Lots in the town of Elizabeth City—towit:

LOT No. 1.

This is a well improved lot, near the outer limits of the town, on which the subscriber now resides. It has upon it a two story dwelling, 34 by 48, with a double balcony in front and rear. The building contains eight large and airy rooms—all with fire places. It was built in 1854, of the best materials, and possesses all the modern improvements. The lot has upon it a good kitchen with fine large rooms—Smoke house, wood-house, Granery and stables; also a colonade leading from the dwelling to the kitchen, with three large pantries. Not the least inducement to purchasers, is the fact, that there is upon the premises an excellent well of water. Taken altogether, it is one of the most desirous residences in the town.

LOT No. 2.

This lot is situated on Main street, opposite the residence of Mr. A. L. Jones; has upon it a new two story dwelling 31 by 32, with all necessary out buildings.—The lot is in good repair—contains half an acre of land, and has upon it an excellent well of water.

LOT No. 3.

This is a vacant lot, containing half an acre, adjoining lot No. 2. It is a desirable lot for building purposes.

LOT No. 4.

This lot is situated between the Leigh House and the Farmer's Bank, and has upon it a fine brick building, just completed. The building is two stories high—31 by 37—is used for offices, and pays an annual rent of $300.

LOT No. 5.

Is situated on Water street, between the Stores of Jno. J. Grandy, Esq., and John Williams. It has upon it a good two story store, 25 by 50, and is finished in the neatest and best style. It is an excellent stand for business, and pays an annual rent of $225.

LOT No. 6

Is a wharf lot, directly opposite Lot No. 5. It has upon it a large two story ware house, 25 by 80, just completed. The wharf fronts ninety two feet on Pasquotank river. The wharf including the ware house rents for $300 per annum.

LOT No. 7

Is the Ship Yard formerly owned by Elisha S. Nash, adjoining the Ship Yard of W. F. Martin, Esq. It has upon it all necessary buildings and fixtures for Ship building purposes. It is at present unoccupied; immediate possession could therefore be given. The subscriber owns but one half of this lot; the other half being owned by James M. Whedbee, Esq.—Mr. Whedbee authorized the subscriber to say that he will join him in the sale of the whole lot.

SEVERAL UNIMPROVED LOTS.

The subscriber has also twelve vacant lots containing half acre each, very desirable for building purposes. They are situated in a pleasant part of the town, near Lot No. 1.

A SMALL FARM.

The subscriber will also sell one undivided half of a small farm in the lower part of Pasquotank county, adjoining the lands of E. M. Stanton, Esq., and others, containing seventy acres, more or less. This land is in a good state of improvement, and produces well.

WOOD LAND AND SWAMP.

He will also sell one undivided half of a large body of wood land and swamp in the upper part of Pasquotank County, containing twenty seven hundred acres. This land can be easily drained, and with little expense can be made a very valuable farm.

TERMS.

The subscriber will sell any one or more of the above lots at a low price—one third cash and the balance in equal instalments of one, two, and three years, interest, from date.

JAMES W. HINTON.

June 21st, 1859. 45—tf

NEW SADDLERY AND HARNESS ESTABLISHMENT IN E. CITY

THE SUBSCRIBER WOULD take this method of informing the citizens of Elizabeth City, and surrounding country, that he is prepared to manufacture Saddles, Harness, Sofas and Trunks. He keeps constantly on hand an assortment of ready-made coarse and fine Harness.

Repairing of Harness, Saddles, Trunks, and Sofas done at the shortest notice, cheap for cash, or notes with approved security, payable six months from date.

Persons wanting any article in his line of business are requested to examine his stock before purchasing elsewhere.

Shop near the Livery Stables of Mr. Charles B. Brothers, on Road street.

MARTIN W. BURK.

March 15, 1859.

ATLANTIC IRON WORKS COMPANY, NORFOLK, VA.

ARE prepared to execute promptly orders to any extent for

CASTINGS,
FORGINGS,
BOILERS,
ENGINES,

And all other Machinery. Long experience, combined with the most improved tools, and machinery, as well as greatly enlarged facilities, enable this Company to compete with similar establishments North or South.

Orders directed to "Atlantic Iron Works Company, Norfolk, Va.," will receive strict attention.

☞ The highest Cash price paid for old Cast Iron, Brass, Copper, &c.

G. B. DAVIDS, Superintendent.

DIRECTORS—Sam'l H. Hodges, President; R. H. Chamberlaine, G. W. Farant. [ap 13:1y.

NOTICE.

Will be sold, on the 18th inst., on Body's Island beach three miles below the Light house, the Schooner Spy of Plymouth, with her Cargo consisting of Pork, Beef, Fish, Oils, Paints, Flour, Sugar, Bricks, Gunnery Cloth, Rope, Shoes, Hats, Furniture, Dry Goods Doors, Blinds, Spirits, Tobacco, Butter, Cheese &c., This 12th of July 1859.

By order of the Captain,

S. A. BAUM, Com.

HERRINGS! HERRINGS!!

100 BBLS. OF HERRINGS, FOR sale by

jun 29 J. J. GRANDY.

TO THE PUBLIC.

THE CITY HOTEL was closed on the 31st of July I return my thanks to my friends and the public generally who have favored me with their patronage, and respectfully, but earnestly, request persons indebted to me to come forward and settle without delay.

EDWIN BERRY.

Elizabeth City, N. C. August 2nd, 1859.

LINEN CAMBRIC Handkerchiefs at 12½ cts. Also Linen Towels at 12½ cts. The above articles are most decidedly the cheapest ever offered. There is no humbug about this—all we ask is an examination.

MILLAR'S Cash Bargain Store, Market Square.

REAL ESTATE AND STOCK OF GOODS FOR SALE.

THE SUBSCRIBER INTENDING to leave the State, offers for sale all of his real estate in Elizabeth City, consisting of the residence, now occupied by himself on ——— street, which is large, and in good repair, and has attached all the necessary out houses, stables, carriage house, fruit and vegetable garden, and a clover lot.

ALSO

One lot and dwelling adjacent now occupied by the Rev. Mr. Stanly; the dwelling and out houses are all new, and in good order, and suitable for a large family—garden and clover lot attached.

ALSO

Two smaller houses in a thorough state of repair, on ——— street, opposite the residence of C. C. Green, Esq.

ALSO

The handsome two story brick store recently erected near the water at the foot of Main street, and now occupied by the subscriber. This store fronts 27 feet on Water street, and runs back to the river 75 feet; there is a good wharf belonging to the store, also a lot adjacent, fronting on the water, and runs back 150 feet to the river.

The above property will be disposed of upon reasonable terms, if early application be made.

The stock of goods now on hand is also offered at cost for cash.

It is necessary that all persons indebted to me shall come forward and settle their accounts, previous to the 1st of November.

T. D. KNOX.

June 21st, 1859. No. 43—tf

ROBES AND ORGANDIES—BY THE YARD—A reduction of 25 per cent. on our large assortment of Organdies by the yard and in Robes.

Berage Robes and Challeys, at a great bargain. 60 pieces new styles fast colored Lawns, at 12½ cts., worth 25 cts.

The Bee Hive is 37 Main stree under Johnson's Hall, Norfolk, Va. jy 13

COOK STOVES, COOK-STOVES.

AT the Depot, Roanoke Square, you can buy a Stove that can be relied on, or in other words, it will not break in a week after you put it up—we have no auction goods. fe 16

BEE	*BEE*	*BEE*	*BEE*
Hive	Hive	Hive	Hive
Bee	*Bee*	*Bee*	*Bee*
Hive	*Hive*	Hive	Hive
Bee	*Bee*	Bee	Bee
Hive	*Hive*	Hive	Hive

TREMENDOUS REDUCTION ON PRICES of *Dry* Goods at the **Bee** *Hive*

A magnificent assortment of Embroideries

Embroideries Embroideries.

Just opened at the **Bee** Hive, the greatest bargains ever offered in this city.

The **Bee** *Hive* is under Johnson's *Hall*.

February 22

TREMENDOUS SACRIFICE

ON all kinds of Dry Goods at the Bee Hive. Silks, Silks, Silks, Silks, Silks.

50 per cent reduction on Silk Goods at the *Bee* Hive. Great Bargains.

CLOAKS, CLOAKS, RAGLANS, RAGLANS. Raglans in Velvet, Cloth and Plush at less than half price, to close them out.

Now is the time to get a magnificent Cloth Raglan, worth $20, for $12.

Long Plaid Shawls, Chenille Shawls, Prince Frederick Shawls, Mantilla Shawls, Shawls, from 50 cents to $25.

Blankets, Flannels and Domestic Goods at greatly reduced prices.

The *Bee* Hive is No. 57 Main street, under ja 18 JOHNSON'S HALL, Norfolk.

HARDWARE

SOUTHERN IMPORTING ESTABLISHMENT.

ALLYN, ROSE & CAPPS,

Head of the Square, Sign of the Saws.

ASK the attention of merchants of Virginia and North Carolina to their large and selected stock of HARDWARE, imported directly from Europe, and purchased from the most extensive manufacturers in this country, upon as reasonable terms as similar goods can be purchased in the Northern or Eastern cities, and letter adapted to the wants of the Southern public. Norfolk, Sept 23

TIN WARE WHOLESALE—We have now on hand and manufacturing daily a large assortment of Tin Ware manufactured by good workmen and warranted, will be sold as low as can be bought North.

feb 17 WM. D. ROBERTS, Jr. & Co.

SCHMITT & SELDNER,

IMPORTERS AND

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

WINES, LIQUORS,

Leaf and Chewing Tobacco, &c.

Manufacturers of Segars.

No's. 11 & 13 Wide Water Steet,

NORFOLK, VA.

June 7th, 1859.

HOME AGAIN.

THE UNDERSIGNED RETURNS his thanks to his friends and customers for past favors, and hopes by strict attention to merit a continuance of the same.

W. H. CLARK.

E. City, May 3rd, 1859.

MARBLE WORKS,

CORNER OF GRANBY & MAIN STREETS, AND IMMEDIATELY OPPOSITE POST OFFICE,

NORFOLK, VA.

THE SUBSCRIBER MANUFACTURES TO order and has constantly on hand, a large and superior assortment of *Italian* and *American* Marble

MONUMENTS,

TOMBS,

HEAD PIECES, &c.,

which he offers at such prices as cannot fail to give satisfaction. ☞ Carving and every description of Lettering neatly executed.

Marble, Granite, Coping, Curbing, Flagstones, &c., furnished for building and other purposes. Satisfaction guarantied in every particular.

☞ Orders by mail will receive prompt attention.

JNO. D. COUPER.

April 27, 1858—1y.

NOTICE.

LIVERY STABLES.

I RETURN MY SINCERE THANKS to my friends and the public generally for the liberal patronage heretofore extended to me, and ask a continuance of the same. I shall always keep on hand fine horses, vehicles &c, for hire, and also board horses either by the single meal, week, month, or year.

It will be my pleasure to accommodate and oblige those who may favor me with their patronage, and therefore will always be prepared to furnish good horses and vehicles.

☞ Stables, on Road street, nearly opposite the old Bank.

CHAS. B. BROTHERS.

E City, July 14 1857.—tf.

CHARLES E. LOWTHER,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW

GATESVILLE, N. C.

WILL attend all the Courts of Gates, Hertford, Chowan, Perquimans and Pasquotank counties.

Business in either of the above counties punctually attended to. jan 24

DRY GOODS AT HALF PRICE AT THE BEE HIVE.

Dry goods at half price, at the Bee Hive.

Tremendous sacrifice in Dry Goods at the Bee Hive.

The Greatest bargains ever offered in Dry Goods, at the Bee Hive.

The *Bee* Hive is under Johnson's Hall.

The Bee Hive is No 57 Main street.

The Bee Hive is 57 Main street, under Johnson's Hall, Norfolk. feb 1.

BEIGH HOUSE.

ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

CORNER OF ROAD AND MARKET STS.

THE Undersigned being sole Proprietor of this large and commodious house, respectfully solicits the patronage of the public. No pains will be spared on his part to give entire satisfaction to his guests. His TABLE shall be supplied with the best the *Market* affords. His rooms are large, well ventillated and neatly furnished, and his Servants are polite and accommodating.

THE BAR

attached to the Hotel will be constantly supplied with the choicest Liquors and Cigars.

THE STABLES

belonging to the Hotel shall be well attended to. In a word, the entire arrangements of the Hotel are complete.

JAMES F. LEE, PROPRIETOR.

NOTICE

ALL persons indebted to the Estate of WM. H. MCDONALD, decd., are hereby notified to make payment, and all having claims against said Estate, to present the same for payment within the time prescribed by law, or this notice will be plead in bar of recovery.

TIMOTHY MORGAN, Adm'r.

July 12, '59. 46—2t.

TO MY CUSTOMERS.

HAVING sustained a heavy loss by the fire which visited our town last Tuesday night, I am compelled to call upon those who are indebted to me, either by note or account, to come forward and make payment without delay. I hope that my friends will appreciate my situation and give attention to my request.

jy. 9, '59. 48—tf. T. R. COBB.

THE UNDERSIGNED ARE PREpared to receive subscritions to the capitol stock of the "Bank of North Carolina," at the office of Richard Paxton, in the Town of Edenton—Books will remain open sixty days.

WM. A. MOORE,
J. C. BADHAM,
RICH. PAXTON, } Commissioners.

Edenton, April, 5th, 1859.—tf.

GEORGE W. BELL,

DEALER IN

GUNS, RIFLES, PISTOLS, SPORTING APPARATUS AND FINE CUTLERY,

Road Street, Elizabeth City, N. C.

march 17—1y

J. H. WHITEHURST'S

ELECTRO DAGUERREOTYPES.

GALLERIES

207 Baltimore Street, Baltimore
77 Main Street, Richmond, Va.
Main Street, Norfolk, Va.
Sycamore Street, Petersburg, Va.
Sycamore Street, Lynchburg, Va.

☞ Likenesses taken equally well in all weather. aug 6

$50 REWARD.

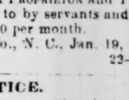
RANAWAY from the subscriber about the 20th of February, 1859, STEPHEN, aged about 35 years, 5 feet, 9 or 10 inches high, very dark complexion; speaks quick, when spoken to. I will give the above reward of FIFTY DOLLARS, for the apprehension of said Negro, or his confinement in the jails of either Currituck Camden, Pasquotank, and Perquimans counties, so that I can get him again.

JAMES C. BANKS.

Pasquotank Co., N. C. April 26, 1859. tf

The *State* will please copy.

J. B. GODWIN,



DENTAL SURGEON,

CONTINUES THE PRACTICE OF HIS PROfession at his rooms, in the new brick building erected by James W. Hinton, Esq., one door East of the Leigh House.

Elizabeth City, Dec. 14, 1858.

NOTICE

ALL PERSONS INDEBTED TO THE Estate of Peter Copes, dec'd., are hereby notified to make immediate payment, or their bills will be placed in the hands of the proper officer for collection; and all persons having claims against the estate of said dec'd, to present the same for payment, or this notice will be plead in bar of recovery.

W. W. KENNEDY, Ex'r.

Sept. 28, 1858. —tf.

JAMES W. HINTON,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

WILL attend the Courts of Pasquotank, Perquimans, Chowan, Camden and Currituck.

He will give prompt attention to all business that may be entrusted to him.

☞ Office on Main Street, next door to the Leigh House.

November 9, 1858. tf

MANTILLAS
Mantillas
Mantillas
Mantillas
Mantillas
Mantillas

AT THE

BEE HIVE

Wrappings at the Bee Hive

Tremendous display of Mantillas at the Bee Hive

CHANTILLA Mantles, Shawls, Double Shawls, &c., in Chantilla, French Lace, &c. 100 French Lace Mantillas for Misses, at a great bargain.

Mantillas at great reduction on former prices The Bee Hive is under Johnson's Hall.

FOR SALE OR RENT.

A desirable residence at Nags Head—for terms apply to

W. D. LOWTHER.

Edenton N. C.

44—3t.

CRAPE BAREGES.—Black Crape Bareges at 25 cents per yard, at the Bee Hive.

Barege and Chally side Robes, magnificent goods, selling at a great sacrifice at the Bee Hive, Norfolk Va. jun 9

WM. SIMMONS. D. D. SIMMONS

D. D. SIMMONS & BRO.,

GENERAL COMMISSION & FORWARDING MERCHANTS,

NORFOLK, VA.

NOTICE.

THE undersigned will occupy a room at Nag's Head Hotel, during the present season; will have a good supply of medicines; and will be pleased to attend to all cases of sickness, or indisposition to which he may be called. Charges will be moderate. E. B. HAUGHTON, M. D.

June 21st, 1859. 43—tf.

NOTICE.

PERSONS wishing to rent my Store at Nag's Head, can after now address me at Norfolk, Va. And I will give them the Terms. W. H. VARSER.

May 31, 1859.—tf.

"ECONOMY, HEALTH, AND LUXURY."

OLD DOMINION COFFEE POTS.

IF you want good Coffee—that is, Coffee well boiled yet not deprived of its aromo—you are now offered the means of securing that luxury, a desideratum long sought, never before attained. All sizes from 2 to 6 quarts.—For sale by WM. D. ROBERTS, Jr. & CO., jan 11 Norfolk, Va.

DR. JOHN H. POOL,

HAVING permanently located at Newland, Pasquotank County, tenders his

PROFESSIONAL SERVICES

TO THE PUBLIC.

He can be found at the residence of WILSON SPENCE, Esq., except when engaged professionally elsewhere.

April 19, 1859—tf.

CYRUS W. GRANDY, JR.,

ATTORNEY

AND COUNSELOR AT LAW,

ELIZABETH CITY, N. C

REFERENCES:

J. A. Gambrill, Barney, Lyman & Co., New York; Whedbee and Dickinson, in P. D. Newman, Baltimore; Grandy & Stone, D. D. Simmons & Bro., Norfolk; Any Merchant in Elizabeth City.

Will promptly attend to all business entrusted to his care in the Counties of Gates, Chowan, Perquimans, Pasquotank, Camden, and Currituck.

☞ Office on Road Street, next door to Branch Bank.

April 5th, 1859. 32—tf

VALUABLE FARM FOR SALE.—THE subscriber offers for sale his FARM situated in Craven County on lower Broad and Orchard Creeks, near Neuse River, seven miles from the town of Jackson, containing 2500 acres, more or less several hundred of which are prime Swamp Land, about 200 acres cleared, the remainder in woods, which is excellent timber suitable for building or ship purposes.—There are about 100 acres ditched, dead ened, under-bushed and the cord wood cut a small amount of labor would prepare it for cultivation There are also two crops of Turpentine Boxes on it.

The Land is well adapted to Cotton Corn, Wheat, Potatoes, &c., and is highly susceptible of improvement. The facilities for shipping are rarely equalled.

The improvements consist of a fine large Dwelling, Kitchen, Smoke-House, Gin-House Barns, Stables, and Negro Houses sufficient to accommodate Fifty Negroes together with all other necessary out-buildings, in good order. The Garden and Orchard abound in a great variety of the choicest Fruits, viz: Grapes, Figs, Raspberries, Strawberries, Cherries, Apples, Pears and Peaches. Oysters and Fish may be taken in abundance from the creek at the back of the garden, and Wild Fowl in great variety, abound in the vicinity. There is also a good mill site, with dam already constructed on the place. There is a good well of water in the yard.

The premises have the reputation of being healthy and the situation is desirable and my only object in desiring to sell is the fact that I intend to quit farming.

Persons wishing to buy can apply to me on the premises, or to J. Gooding, Sr., at Newbern.

THOMAS F. GOODING.

Craven County, April 5th, 1859.—1

Reynoldson Hotel,

THOMAS MARTIN, PROPRIETOR.

THE PROPRIETOR, HAVING TAKEN charge of this commodious and well constructed BOARDING HOUSE, will devote his whole attention to the ACCOMMODATION OF STUDENTS in REYNOLDSON SEMINARY, which is now in successful operation under Mr. J. D. BOUSHALL. The sole design of the PROPRIETOR is to *aid in reviving the school*, and hence no pains or expense will be spared to render the STUDENTS COMFORTABLE.

The HOUSE will be well governed—being under the joint control of PROPRIETOR and TEACHER, and well attended to by servants and Mrs. MARTIN. Board $9.00 per month.

Reynoldson, Gates Co., N. C., Jan. 19, 1859. ja 25 22-3t.

NOTICE.

THE CO-PARTNERSHIP OF NIXON & STOKES is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

William Nixon is authorized to settle the business of the copartnership.

WM. NIXON,
C. R. STOKES.

Union Hall, October 13, 1858. 11-tf

FOR RENT FOR THE YEAR 1859.

THE NEW TWO STORY DWELLING near the Baptist Church, opposite the residence of A. L. Jones, Esq.

Also, the large new BRICK WAREHOUSE, with the wharf attached, between the stores of T. D. Knox and J. J. Grandy, Esqs. Apply to no 9 JAMES W. HINTON.

NOTICE.

MASTERS of vessels, and others, are notified that the Steamer "Roanoke" will be in nowise liable for damages that may occur to vessels under tow. Vessels are towed at their own risk, and not at the risk of the Steamer Those desiring their vessels to be towed will please observe this.

GEO. HOBBS,
Master Steamer Roanoke.
ja 25-tf W. H. CLARK, Ag't.

DR. L. K. SAUNDERS

Will promptly attend to any professional business, entrusted to him, during the season at Nag's Head.

He has with him, a large supply of Medicine; and may be found at his residence (known as the "Bateman House") at all times, when not professionally engaged.

July 12th, 1859. 46—4t

CLASSICAL AND MATHEMATICAL SCHOOL.

OXFORD, N. C.

J. H. HORNER, *Principal.*
Rev. T. J. HORNER, *Assistant.*

The next session opens the second Monday in July.

For board in the family of either instructor and tuition, the entire charge is ninety dollars per session. Board can be also obtained in other families convenient to the Academy.

June 21st, 1859. 43—tf.

READ, READ.

I take great pleasure in informing my friends and the public generally though my store has been consumed by fire, yet I will be prepared to furnish them with any article as heretofore in a day or so. And I still most respectfully solicit a continuance of your patronage. I am to be found for the present next door to Barney Tisdale.

DR. JAS. N. BUTT.

July 12th, 1859.

$500 REWARD.

ESCAPED from my custody on the 7th of the present month, **WALTER S. LAND**, charged with the murder of B. F. FLANAGAN.

Land is about 5 feet 10 or 11 inches high, light hair and complexion, about 28 or 30 years of age, and at the time of escape had on Light Grey Pants, no Coat or Hat. The above reward will be given for his delivery at either of the jails of Norfolk city or Princess Anne County.

HENRY LEWIS.

Dy for W. M. BONNER, Shff.

47—12

AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL,

FOR THE RAPID CURE OF

Colds, Coughs, and Hoarseness.

BRIMFIELD, MASS., 20th Dec., 1855.

DR. J. C. AYER: I do not hesitate to say the best remedy I have ever found for Coughs, Hoarseness, Influenza, and the concomitant symptoms of a Cold, is your CHERRY PECTORAL. Its constant use in my practice and my family for the last ten years has shown it to possess superior virtues for the treatment of these complaints. EBEN KNIGHT, M. D.

A. B. MORTLEY, Esq., of UTICA, N. Y., writes: "I have used your *Pectoral* myself and in my family ever since you invented it, and believe it the best medicine for the purpose ever put out. With a bad cold I should rather pay twenty-five dollars for a bottle than do without it, or take any other remedy."

Croup, Whooping Cough, Influenza.

SPRINGFIELD, MISS., Feb. 7, 1857.

BROTHER AYER: I will cheerfully certify your *Pectoral* is the best remedy we possess for the cure of whooping cough, croup, and the chest diseases of children. We of your fraternity in the South appreciate your skill, and commend your medicine to our people.

HIRAM CONKLIN, M. D.

AMOS LEE, Esq., MONTEREY, Va., writes, 3d Jan., 1856: "I had a tedious Influenza, which confined me to the house six weeks; took many medicines without relief; finally tried your *Pectoral* by the advice of our clergyman. The first dose relieved the soreness in my throat and lungs; less than one half the bottle made me completely well. Your medicines are the cheapest as well as the best we can buy, and we esteem you, Doctor, and your medicine, as the poor man's friend."

Asthma or Phthisic, and Bronchitis.

WEST MANCHESTER, PA., Feb. 1, 1855.

SIR: Your *Cherry Pectoral* is performing more cures in this section. It has relieved several from alarming symptoms of consumption, and is now curing a man who has labored under an affection of the lungs for the last forty years. HENRY L. PARKS, Merchant.

A. A. RAMSEY, M. D., ALTON, MONROE CO., IOWA, writes, Sept. 6, 1855: "During my practice of many years I have found nothing equal to your *Cherry Pectoral* for giving ease and relief to consumptive patients, or curing such as are curable."

We might add volumes of evidence, but the most convincing proof of the virtues of this remedy is found in its effects upon trial.

Consumption.

Probably no one remedy has ever been known which cured so many and such dangerous cases of this. Scarce no human aid can reach; but even to those the *Cherry Pectoral* affords relief and comfort.

ASTOR HOUSE, NEW YORK CITY, March 5, 1856.

DOCTOR AYER, LOWELL: I feel it a

MISCELLANEOUS.

JEWELRY, WATCHES, &C.

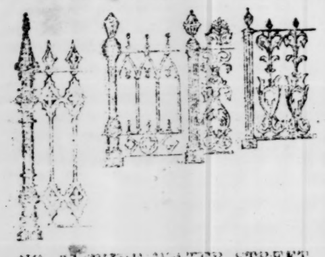
I SHALL KEEP CONSTANTLY ON HAND a good supply of JEWELRY, &c. I have any article in my line made to order, to suit purchasers; do all WATCH, CLOCK AND JEWELRY repairs with promptness and accuracy; tune and repair MUSICAL BOXES, ACCORDEONS, &c., and can do all work in my business on the most reasonable terms.

I require the cash for all work, or sales on delivery of the article. *Any* persons asking credit *must* be refused, as I will not break this rule, while doing business as agent. The highest cash price allowed for old gold and silver.

J. M. MATHEWS, Ag't.

☞ Sign of the big watch. fe 8

Norfolk Steam Ornamental, Wrought and Cast Iron Rail Works,



NO. 11 WIDE WATER STREET.

THIS establishment is now under successful operation, the proprietor having erected new buildings for the manufacture of the above work, with the most modern improvements in machinery for facilitating and perfecting the manufacture of

IRON RAILINGS

for Cemeteries, Fronts of Houses, Garden Enclosures, Balconies, &c. Having on hand the greatest variety of *new* and *elegant* patterns, adapted to every taste.

We respectfully solicit our Carolina friends to send us their orders instead of sending them to the North. We pledge ourselves to execute them with neatness and dispatch, and as low as any other establishment, North or South.

SAM. H. HODGES & CO.

Norfolk, Va., April 13, 1858—1y.

ATLANTIC IRON WORKS COMPANY,
NORFOLK, VA.

ARE prepared to execute promptly orders to any extent for

CASTINGS,
FORGINGS,
BOILERS,
ENGINES,

And all other Machinery. Long experience, combined with the most improved tools, and machinery, as well as greatly enlarged facilities, enable this Company to compete with similar establishments North or South.

Orders directed to "Atlantic Iron Works Company, Norfolk, Va.," will receive strict attention.

☞ The highest Cash price paid for old Cast Iron, Brass, Copper, &c.

G. B. DAVIDS, Superintendent.

DIRECTORS—Sam'l H. Hodges, President; R. H. Chamberlaine, G. W. Farant. [ap 13:1y.

MARBLE WORKS,
CORNER OF GRANBY & MAIN STREETS, AND IMMEDIATELY OPPOSITE POST OFFICE,
NORFOLK, VA.

THE SUBSCRIBER MANUFACTURES TO order and has constantly on hand, a large and superior assortment of *Italian* and *American* Marble

MONUMENTS,
TOMBS,
HEAD PIECES, &c.,

which he offers at such prices as cannot fail to give satisfaction. ☞ Carving and every description of Lettering neatly executed.

Marble, Granite, Coping, Curbing, Flagstones, &c., furnished for building and other purposes. Satisfaction guaranteed in every particular.

*** Orders by mail will receive prompt attention.

JNO. D. COUPER.

April 27, 1858—1y.

NOTICE.

LIVERY STABLES.

I RETURN MY SINCERE THANKS to my friends and the public generally for the liberal patronage heretofore extended to me, and ask a continuance of the same. I shall always keep on hand fine horses, vehicles &c. for hire, and also board horses either by the single meal, week, month, or year.

It will be my pleasure to accommodate and oblige those who may favor me with their patronage, and therefore will always be prepared to furnish good horses and vehicles.

☞ Stables, on Road street, nearly opposite the old Bank.

CHAS. B. BROTHERS.

E City, July 14 1857.—tf.

NEW SADDLERY AND HARNESS ESTABLISHMENT IN E. CITY

THE SUBSCRIBER WOULD take this method of informing the citizens of Elizabeth City, and surrounding country, that he is prepared to manufacture Saddles, Harness, Sofas and Trunks. He keeps constantly on hand an assortment of ready-made coarse and fine Harness.

Repairing of Harness, Saddles, Trunks, and Sofas done at the shortest notice, cheap for cash, or notes with approved security, payable six months from date.

Persons wanting any article in his line of business are requested to examine his stock before purchasing elsewhere.

Shop near the Livery Stables of Mr. Charles B. Brothers, on Road street.

MARTIN W. BURK.

March 15, 1859.

FOR SALE OR RENT.

The undersigned, being desirous to remove to some other locality, and having closed his business for that purpose, offers his Store house, 34 by 18 feet, and warehouse attached, at Nag's Head, for sale or rent on very reasonable terms. The stand for Mercantile business is well known to all the vicinity, and there is no place like it for fine and fancy goods—being the only one at the place fitted up for that business.

The house is ceiled, plastered over head, &c. At a small expense it could be made an excellent Summer house for a family desiring to visit the place during the Summer. There is a wharf belonging to it, 100 yards long, well adapted for landing of small boats. Apply to

W. H. VARSER,

At Nag's Head, or W. A. HARNEY, Elizabeth City, N. C.

Edenton Express copy 4 weeks.

FISH—Mullets, Trouts, Blue Fish, and Herrings, in store and for sale low to close consignment.

SHERWOOD & YOUNG,
fe 8 14 Roanoke Sq.

CHARLES E. LOWTHER,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW
GATESVILLE, N. C.

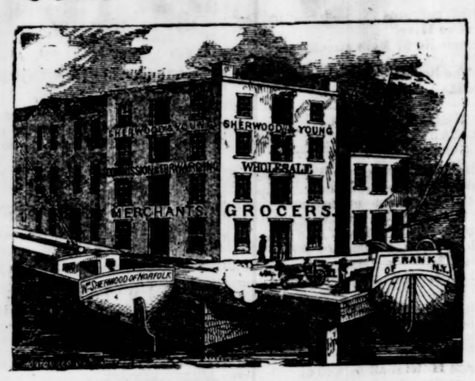
WILL attend all the Courts of Gates, Hertford, Chowan, Perquimans and Pasquotank counties.

Business in either of the above counties punctually attended to. jan 24

MISCELLANEOUS. MISCELLANEOUS.

SHERWOOD & YOUNG,

COMMISSION MECHANTS



AND WHOLESALE GROCERS,

No. 14 ROANOKE SQUARE, NORFOLK, VA.

ATLANTIC MUTUAL FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE CO.,

CAROLINA CITY, N. C.

Incorporated by an Act of the Legislature of North Carolina.

THIS COMPANY BEING DULY organized, is now prepared to receive applications for insurance upon

BUILDINGS, MERCHANDISE,
Furniture, Mills, Manufactories,
SHIPS AND THEIR CARGOES,

and most kinds of property, at renumerative rates of premium.

It is aimed in the organization of this Company, to make a safe medium for Indemnity and Protection to the assured in case of Loss. An honorable and upright course of dealing, and a faithful fulfillment of its contracts, will at all times characterize the business of the Company.

Applications for Insurance may be made at the office of the Company, or to its authorized Agents.

DIRECTORS.

John A. Parrott,	William S. Long,
Levi T. Oglesby,	David W. Bell,
W. B. Grant,	A. B. Chapin,
David S. Jones,	Samuel Leffers,
Geo. W. Dill.	Joel H. Davis,
Col. Thos. J. Blakely,	D. A. Hargett,
Luke Blackman,	E. Mallett.

OFFICERS.

John A. Parrott,	President.
Levi T. Oglesby,	Vice-President.
W. S. Long,	Treasurer.
E. A. Thompson,	Attorney.
A. B. Chapin,	Secretary.
W. B. Grant,	Executive Committee.
W. S. Long,	
David W. Bell,	

March 22, 1859—6m.

MERCHANTS' HOTEL,
GATESVILLE, N. C.
MILLS H. EURE, Proprietor.

THE SUBSCRIBER WOULD MOST respectfully inform his friends and the public generally, that he has taken the above Hotel, formerly kept by Thomas G. Vaughan, Esq., and he is prepared to accommodate all who may favor him with their patronage. My TABLE will always be furnished with the very best that the market affords, and my servants will be found polite and attentive. The travelling public are requested to give me a call. Every possible exertion will be made to give entire satisfaction to those who may stop at my house. Very Respectfully,

MILLS H. EURE.

January 18, 1859—1y.

A CARD.

A REPORT having obtained circulation, to the effect that the City Hotel would be closed after the 1st of February, I take this method to give it an emphatic contradiction.—My house will be open at any and all times for the reception of VISITORS, and no effort shall be wanting upon my part to render them comfortable.

My rates of board for the present year will be as follows:

By the day,	$1.50
" " month,	16.66
" " " without lodging,	13 00
Single meal,	50
Lodging,	25

fe 1 EDWIN BERRY.

Sign of the Circular Saw.

ALLYN, ROSE & CAPPS

HEAD OF MARKET SQUARE.

ARE OPENING their importation, *Birmingham manufacture*, a beautiful assortment of House Keeping Articles, such as

Coffee and Tea Pots, Octagon style,
Patent Coffee Pots with Steamers, Chafing Dishes,
Waiters in sets and dozens, Sauce Pans,
Porcelain lined Planished Covers,
Old English style Grid Irons, fluted bars,
All Brass Fenders, Polished Steel Shovel an Tongs, in setts or pairs,
Tin lined Copper Tea Kettles.

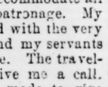
HEAVY GOODS.

Trace, Log and Back Band Chains,
Elwell's Weeding, Hilling and Grubbing Hoes
Spades, Shovels and Forks, Cut, Wrought and Horse Shoe Nails,
Anvils, Vices, Bellows, Mill, Circular Saws
Cross Cut Saws,
Stocks and Dies Hammers, Screw Plates.

BOOK BINDERY AND BLANK

BOOK MANUFACTORY.

VICKERY & COMPANY



WOULD INFORM THE CITizens of Elizabeth City and surrounding country, that their Book Bindery is in full operation, and they are prepared to manufacture

BLANK BOOKS

of every description of Binding and style of Ruling; and to bind Magazines, Music, and printed Books of every kind in the best manner, and on as reasonable terms as any establishment in the United States.

Merchants, Clerks of Courts and Bank officers, will find it greatly to their advantage to have their Blank Books made at our establishment, as no pains will be spared to give perfect satisfaction both as regards quality and price.

VICKERY & COMPANY,
Booksellers, Stationers, Book Binders and Blank Book Manufacturers,
No. 19. Main Street, head of Market Square,
ja 2 Norfolk, Va

ROSCIUS.

A FOUR YEAR OLD DEVON BULL, BLOOD Red, weighing 1800 pounds, and perfect in form, will stand at the Farm of the subscriber at the low price of Ten Dollars the season. Roscius took the First Premium at the Connecticut State Fair; at the New York State Fair; and at the Late Maryland State Fair. He is the largest animal of the kind ever introduced into this Country, and is of the pure Devon Stock. I would particularly invite all feeling an interest in the improvement of Stock, to call and see for themselves. For pedigree, examine the English Herds book. Pasturage Free, but no responsibility for escapes.

WILL. H. DAVIS.

Newbegun Creek, N. C., Dec. 1, 1857—tf.

NEW GOODS.

THE Subscriber begs leave to state that he is now receiving his stock of Spring Goods, and also has the pleasure to state that he has moved to the New brick store, corner of Main and Water St. R. WHITE.

April 5th, 1859.32—6t

REMOVAL.
J. B. GODWIN,
DENTIST,

HAS removed his office to the new building recently erected by J. W. Hinton, *Esq.*, between the Leigh House and the Farmers' Bank, where he will be pleased to see all in want of his services. de 14

REMOVAL.—J. M. MATHEWS' CLOCK, Watch and Jewelry Store has been removed to the new building near the corner of Main and Road streets, third door South of the Leigh House, and opposite the law office of J. L. Ball, Esq. ja 18

THE CITY OF THE GREAT KING;

OR JERUSALEM AS IT WAS, AS IT IS, & AS IT IS TO BE.

BY DR. J. T. BARCLAY, Late Missionary to Jerusalem. With a Steel Portrait of the Author by Sartain. Also Chromographic Illuminations in ten oil colors, Periscopic Panorama of the entire Circuit of the City and Environs, explanatory Maps, &c., by Rosenthal. Steel Engravings by Sartain, J. C. Buttre, Dick and Earle. Finest Wood Engravings by Louderback & Hoffman and J. H. Byram.

The Engravings will be executed in the highest style of art, from Photographs and original designs illustrating the various phases of the City.—

ANCIENT, MEDIEVAL, MODERN AND MILLENNIAL,

Also, Restoration of the Temple and City as invested by Titus.—Notices of its Jewish, Christian, and Heathen Antiquities—Its Present Political and Moral Condition—Future Prospects, &c.

This work is the result of investigations made during three and a half years' residence in the Holy City, with facilities for prosecuting researches never heretofore enjoyed. It was undertaken with special reference to the elucidation of the Holy Scriptures, the Talmud, the Works of Josephus, the Crusaders, and Pilgrim Chroniclers. The many valuable discoveries made in the Temple Enclosure, and other sacred localities, to which Dr. Barclay was admitted by *special* Firman, with permission to explore those hallowed spots, so jealously guarded for many centuries, and now for the first time presented to the Christian public, will introduce a new era in Sacred Topography.

Price $3 50—1 vol. 8 vo., for sale by

VICKERY & COMPANY,
mh 23 City Book Store, Norfolk, Va.

CARPET, OIL-CLOTH,
CURTAIN AND PAPER-HANGING
WARE-ROOMS,
NO. 25, MAIN STREET, NORFOLK, VA.

THE subscriber respectfully invites the attention of the public, to his large and handsome assortment of

VELVET,
TAPESTRY,
THREE PLY,
INGRAIN AND
COMMON CARPETS,
RUGGETS,
RUGS,
DOOR MATS, &c.,
FURNITURE AND
FLOOR OIL CLOTHS.

—ALSO—

Satin De Laines, Worsted, Damask, Lace and Muslin Curtains, Col'd. Velvet and Common Window Shades, Gilt Cornices, Curtain Bands, Tassels, Loops, &c.

All of which, together with a complete assortment of Gilts, Velvet, Satin and Common Papers, Borders, Fire Screens and Curtain Papers, he offers at the lowest prices.

WM. A. WALTERS,
Upholsterer and Paper Hanger,
dec 2 No. 26, Main street.

P. S.—Persons living out of the city, can have their Carpets cut and made to fit, by furnishing us with a plat of their rooms. W. A. W.

JOB WORK.

WE ARE PREPARED TO EXECUTE ALL orders for any kind of

PLAIN AND FANCY JOB PRINTING,

that may be wanted in Pasquotank and the surrounding counties, on as

REASONABLE TERMS

as it can be done at any similar establishment in this section of North Carolina.

HAND-BILLS,	CARDS,
BILLS OF LADING,	BLANKS,
POSTERS,	BILL HEADS,
WAY-BILLS,	CHECKS,
BALL TICKETS,	CIRCULARS, &c.,

Done with Neatness and Despatch.

Any work handed to us will be done immediately, and in good style; and we hope that all our friends in need of anything that we can do, will give us a call.

☞ WORK done for persons in other places will be sent by mail, if desired.

*** For Jobs or Blanks, address or call on

J. B. GODWIN & CO.,
Corner of Main and Road Streets,
Elizabeth City, N. C.

P. S.—All orders from persons out of this county, must be accompanied by the CASH, together with 3 cts. for every quire of blanks ordered, if to be sent by mail.

March 23, 1858. J. B. G. & CO.

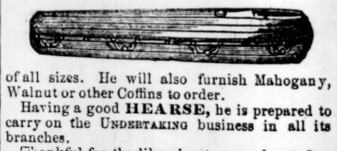
REMOVAL.

T. PARR HAVING REMOVED FROM his "old stand" to the front shop of the Coach establishment of Arthur L. Jones, respectfully informs his friends and the public generally, that he is prepared to manufacture any and every article of

FURNITURE.

He will also keep on hand a large assortment of

METALLIC COFFINS,



of all sizes. He will also furnish Mahogany, Walnut or other Coffins to order.

Having a good **HEARSE**, he is prepared to carry on the UNDERTAKING business in all its branches.

Thankful for the liberal patronage heretofore bestowed, he respectfully solicits a continuance of the same. T. PARR.

Sept. 1, 1857—1y

DR. WM. G. HANCOCK,

DRUGGIST AND APOTHECARY,
EDENTON, N. C.
DEALER IN

Paints, Oils,
Glass, Putty,
Perfumery,
Fancy Articles,
Smoking and
Chewing Tobacco,
Segars and superior
Wines and Liquors for medicinal purposes.

The orders of Physicians and Planters promptly filled with pure Medicines and on as moderate terms as can be had south of Mason's and Dixon's line.

☞ Dr. Hancock's office is at the Drug Store, where he can always be found except when professionally engaged.

June 9, 1857—8ms

RICHMOND POTTERY.—SHERWOOD & YOUNG, Agents, have on hand a large assortment of Jars, Jugs, Churns, Butter Pans, Oyster Jars, Spittoons, Pitchers, &c., for sale at factory price. Liberal discount allowed on sums over Ten dollars.

In connection with the above, we are prepared to furnish ½ and ¼ gallon Jars, made expressly for fruits, with corks fitted to each. The attention of persons dealing in preserved fruits if called to them. Samples can be seen at our Store, No. 14 Roanoke Square, Norfolk, Va.

BOOKS & STATIONERY

BOOK AND STATIONERY STORE.
WHOLESAL AND RETAIL.

W. P. GRIFFITH, having dissolved his connection with the firm of Vickery & Griffith, would respectfully inform the citizens of Elizabeth City and of the surrounding country, that he has opened at the store formerly occupied by the late Mr. R. C. Barclay,

The largest and best stock of Books and Stationery ever offered for sale in the City of Norfolk.

Believing that the wants and the tastes of the people required one establishment similar to those found in the large Northern cities, where a full and general assortment of Books can be obtained, the subscriber has been induced, during a recent visit to Philadelphia, New York and Boston, to purchase from the principal publishers, and at the great "Trade Sales," a superior stock of

School, Classical, Law, Medical, Theological, Religious and Miscellaneous

BOOKS.

Which will, upon examination, compare with any to be found in the Southern country.

My Stock of Foreign and American

STATIONERY.

Is very large and complete, it has been selected with great care, and embraces every article required for the School and Counting Room.

MY WHOLE STOCK IS ENTIRELY
—NEW,—

and has been bought upon the very best terms and a large portion for cash, which gives me a decided advantage over all other houses in the city, and will enable me to sell my goods at prices far below former rates.

Booksellers in this and adjacent Towns and Country Merchants, will find it greatly to their advantage to examine my stock before going North.

Colleges, Schools and Teachers, will be supplied at Northern prices.

By special arrangements with the following houses, I shall receive their new Books as they are issued from the Press, and will supply any or all of their publications at their prices:

J. B. Lippincott & Co.,	Philadelphia.
Lindsay & Blackiston,	do.
James B. Smith & Co.,	do.
T. B. Peterson,	do.
Harper & Brothers,	New York.
D. Appleton & Co.,	do.
Robert Carter & Bros.,	do.
Charles Scribner,	do.
Derby & Jackson,	do.
Little, Brown & Co.,	Boston
Phillips, Sampson & Co.,	do.
Ticknor & Fields,	do.
Crosby, Nichols & Co.,	do.
Gould & Lincoln,	do.

Orders from the Country will meet with prompt attention directed to W. P. GRIFFITH,
oct 21 Norfolk, Va.

LAW BOOKS! LAW BOOKS!!

THE attention of Lawyers is called to the following list of VALUABLE LAW BOOKS, which are offered for sale exactly at the publisher's prices.

Reports of Decisions in the Supreme Court of the United States, with notes, and a digest, by Judge B. R. Curtis, 22 vols., $66,
Commentaries on Equity Jurisprudence, as administered in England and America, by Joseph Story, 2 vols., $11,
Story on Bills of Exchange, $5 50c,
Story on Agency, $5,
Parsons on Contracts, 2 vols., $11,
Phillips on Insurance, 2 vols., $10,
Story on Sales, $4 50c,
Daniels Chancery Pleading and Practice, 3 vols $12,
Parsons Mercantile Law, $5 50c,
Story on Bailments, $5,
Wheaton's International Law, $6,
Story on Conflict of Laws, $6 50c,
Walker's American Law, $5 50c,
Story's Equity Pleadings, $6,
Drake on Attachment, $4 50c,
Story on the Constitution, 2 vols., $7 50c,
Precedents of Indictments and Special Pleas, by Chas. R. Train and F. F. Herd, $4,
Story on Partnership, $5 50c,
Digest of the General Laws of the United States, with reference to the Acts repealed, supplied, or modified, &c., &c., by James Dunlop, $6 50
Story on Promissory Notes, $5 50c,
Bishop on Marriage and Divorce, $5,
Thornton on Conveyancing, 2nd edition, $4 50
Taylor's Landlord and Tenant, $4 50,
Story on Bailments, $5,
Bishop on Criminal Law, $5,
Angell on the Law of Carriers, $5 50c,
Greenleaf on Evidence, 3 vols., $16 50c,
Angell and Ames on Corporations, $5 50c,
Hening and Munford's Reports, 4 vols., $20,
Tucker's Commentaries on the Laws of Virginia, $8,
Tates Analytical and Digested Index, 2 vols, $8
Hall's Digested Index to the Virginia Reports, $2,
Decisions of Cases in Virginia, by the High Court of Chancery, by Geo. Wythe, new edition, $4 50,
Sand's Suit in Equity, $4,
Mathews' Guide, $2 75c,
Tates' Form Book, new edition, by Sands, $1 25

The above with many other valuable works are for sale by

W. P. GRIFFITH.
feb 3 Norfolk, Va.

LARGE STOCK OF BOOKS AND STATIONERY.

VICKERY & COMPANY would respectfully inform the citizens of E. City and surrounding country that they have recently added to their previously extensive stock of Books and Stationery, and would call the attention of Merchants and others to the following list of stock which is offered at the lowest prices, and on the most reasonable terms—

PAGED BLANK BOOKS.

Ledgers,	Invoice Books,
Record Books,	Journals,
Blotters,	Order Books,
Day Books,	Receipt Books,
Check Books,	Cash Books,
Letter Books,	Bill Books.

The above are of different styles of binding, sizes and ruling. We also make up to order any kind or style of Blank Book our customers may wish.

LETTER AND WALLING PAPER.

Imperial Royal, Super Royal, Medium, Folio Post, Letter, Cap, Commercial, Note, Packet Post, Ladies' letter paper, ruled or plain, Wove or Laid of French and English manufacture.

SUNDRIES.

Gold Pens, Portfolios, Inkstands, Sealing Wax and Wafers, Steel Pens, Fancy Guild and Glazed Papers, Pad Blotters, Copying Presses, Copying Books, Memorandum Books, Note Paper, Blank Notes and Drafts, Books of Bills Lading, Sand Boxes, Sand Thermometers, Gummed Labels, Ivory Tablets, Water Colors, Ivory Folders, Porcelain Slates, Motto Seals, Letter Clips, Lead Pencils, &c., &c., &c.,

Together with every article usually found in a well ordered and arranged establishment.

N. B. From facilities offered this house, at the North, we are enabled to sell all articles in our line on the most liberal terms, and would therefore solicit the favor of a call to examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere.

VICKERY & COMPANY,
ja 26 City Book Store, Norfolk, Va.

Wrappings, Wrappings,

CLOAKS, CLOAKS, CLOAKS, CLOAKS.
WRAPPINGS, AT THE BEE HIVE.

JUST opened at the Bee Hive an entire New Style of Raglan of Plush, the very latest style out.

500 *Different* styles in Black Velvet, Black Cloth and Beaver do.

Colored Cloth Cloaks in great variety.

A magnificent assortment of Shawls of all colors and qualities.

The Bee Hive is under Johnson's Hall, Norfolk, Va.

Strangers in the city would do well to call and examine our Stock before purchasing, as we are confident of selling goods from 25 to 50 per cent. cheaper than any House in the City.

no 23 JAMES SMITH.

A WOMAN'S THOUGHTS ABOUT WOMEN.

THE last and best work by the author of John Halifax, Gentleman—Price $1

CONTENTS.

Something to do—Self Dependence—Female Professions—Female Handicrafts—Female Servants Mistress of a Family—Female Friendship—Gossip—Women of the house—Happy and Unhappy Women—Last Women—Growing old.

The above with many other new and interesting books are for sale by

VICKERY & COMPANY,
May 4th, 1858. City Book Store.

MISCELLANEOUS.

NORTH CAROLINA
AGRICULTURAL STORE
AND
MACHINE MANUFACTORY,
ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

THE SUBSCRIBER HAVING ENLARGED his Manufactory and opened a regular AGRICULTURAL STORE,

is now prepared to fill all orders in his line at the shortest notice and on accommodating terms. Such as

Horse-Powers, different sizes,
Corn Shellers, different sizes and patterns,
Wheat Threshers, different kind and sizes,
Wheat and Corn Fans,
Corn Planters.
Plough and Plough Castings
Cultivators, Hoes, Scythes and Cradles,
Reap-hooks, Spades, Shovels,
Manure Forks, Axes,
Trace and Log Chains, Hames,
Oat and Straw Cutters, various pattern
Grind-Stones, Hinges,
Nails, Screws, &c., &c.
Rakes,
Machine Bands, Trace Leather,
Wheel Barrows, Grain Cradles,
Bramble Scythes and Bandles,
Cotton Leading Lines, Butcher Saws.
Cleavers, Copper Nails, Wrenches,
Bench Screws,
Force and Chain Pumps, Lead Pipes,
Gum and Hemp Packing,
Oil feeders, Files (all kinds,)
Coffee Mills, Whetstones for Scythes,
Copper Rivits and Bans, Knob Stock,
Padd Locks, Hooks and Staples, Tacks,
Wire and Wire cloth, Blacksmith's Vices,
Sand and Emery Paper Gauging Rods and Rules
Also—

CARPENTER'S TOOLS.

Farmers in want of any of the above articles will do well to give me a call.

Repairing promptly and faithfully attended to. Orders per mail will meet with strict attention.

Blacksmith's coal always on hand.

W. H. CLARK.

ap 19

A VALUABLE FARM FOR SALE
IN NORFOLK CO., VA.

IT lies on the Dismal Swamp Canal, about 7 miles from Deep Creek and 14 from Norfolk, and contains from 1200 to 1500 acres, about 150 to 200 of which are now in arable order, the balance in original forest.

The soil is adapted to the production of Indian corn and other crops usually cultivated in that section. About 5 or 600 acres of the tract would make as fine a farm as any in Eastern Virginia, adjoining lands of similar quality *unimproved*, have produced from 14 to 15 barrels of corn per acre, and the wood and timber on the land would pay every expense of clearing, when it would be worth $50 per acre.

It presents, also, great facilities for carrying on the wood business. Immense quantities of the best quality could be sold at paying prices at Norfolk or on the Canal bank, along which the land stretches for several miles. The facilities of water carriage would also render the trucking business profitable.

There is a large Juniper swamp on the tract, valuable for its rail and shingle timber.

The pasturage and range for Stock is unsurpassed. A free School is within one mile of the dwelling. Persons desirous of purchasing are referred to Messrs. George T. Wallace and John West, who live near the place, and to Mr. Benjamin T. Tatem, near Norfolk, who will take pleasure in showing the land.

For further information and terms, which will be liberal, apply to

JOSEPH T. TATEM.

November 2, 1853. 13-tf

LAND FOR SALE.

I HAVE the following tracts of land for sale, viz: One of fifty acres, one of sixty acres, one of one hundred and fourteen acres, one of two hundred acres, one of five hundred acres. This tract has superior improvements, with enough cleared land to bring two thousand barrels of Corn; within one mile of the river, and six miles of Norfolk City. One tract of five hundred and eighty acres, immediately on the river, a mulatto soil, well adapted to grain, grass, and early vegetables, within six miles of Norfolk City by water.—One tract of thirteen hundred and sixty five acres, heavily wooded, and immediately on the river, and one of twenty eight hundred acres, through which two Rail Roads pass, is within ten miles of Ports, mouth. This land is exceedingly rich-well timbered, and wooded. And also a Steam Saw Mill in good order, with a planing machine attached, now at work daily, will be sold, a great bargain, if early application be made to Mr. John T. Argyle, at the Mill, or myself, all of which property owing to my waning health, I am determined to sell. And therefore respectfully invite persons in want of such property to give me an early call. Address

E. H. HERBERT.

Norfolk, Va. No. 41—3m

INFIRMARY FOR SLAVES.
ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

THE SUBSCRIBER has opened at the Marine Hospital (in a separate building) an INFIRMARY FOR INVALID SLAVES. He has ample accommodations for a limited number, and will give them his careful attention—supplying them with every necessary their case requires. An Institution of this kind offers many advantages to masters having servants afflicted with chronic or surgical diseases. And, from its economy, they are relieved of the expense and annoyance of having such upon a plantation.

The charges for Board, Medical attendance, Nursing, and Medicine, are $6 per week, payable upon the removal of the patient.

In cases requiring a surgical operation, in addition to the above rates, a fee varying from $2 to $30, in different cases, will be charged for the operation, the particulars of which may be ascertained upon application at the Infirmary.

The services of any other regular Physician will be allowed, at the expense of the master.

Persons in the country desiring to send patients to the Infirmary, or obtain information concerning it, may address the subscriber.

☞ No contagious diseases admitted.

H. P. RITTER, M. D.

April 27, 1857—1y.

A REQUEST.

OWING to the recent destructive fire—by which the undersigned has sustained a heavy loss, including his Store, Factory, machinery, &c., &c.,—he is forced to *Request* of those indebted to him to come forward and make immediate payment. He knows that, under existing circumstances, a request is all that will be required.

He takes this opportunity, also, of informing his friends and patrons, that he is making arrangements to continue his factory, and will be ready to manufacture and repair all kinds of Agricultural machinery in time for the present and coming necessities of his Farming friends. Due notice will be given, as soon as he opens.

W. H. CLARK.

E. City, March 30, 1858.

NORTH CAROLINA
AGRICULTURAL STORE
AND
MACHINE MANUFACTORY,
Elizabeth City, N. C.
HUSSEY'S, M'ORMICK'S, BURREL'S
REAPERS! REAPERS!!
WHEAT CUTTERS,
FURNISHED TO ORDER.
ALSO HORSE RAKES.

WM. H. CLARK.

May 16th, 1857—tf.

"TIN WARE."

WE WOULD SAY TO OUR CUSTOMERS and the public that we have on hand and are manufacturing the largest and best stock of Tin and Japanned Ware ever before exhibited in this market. Country merchants and others will find it to their advantage to give us a call before purchasing elsewhere.

WM. D. ROBERTS, Jr. & CO.,
se 28 Roanoke Square, Norfolk, Va.

DRY GOODS, &c.

BEE HIVE, BEE HIVE.

SPECIAL NOTICE!

100 FINE embroidered Collars for 12½ cts each, 100 Splendid embroidered Setts only $1,25, 100 de Cost $6 to import, to be run off for only $2,50 Vails in all the newest styles from 25 cents to the finest imported.

500 Beautiful Breakfast for 50c worth 150 each, Silks—A full line of Spring Silks in colours and Blacks,

All qualities Dress Goods Challies and all the new styles in market,

Valentias and Domestics,

Our stock is complete in all kinds of goods for family use,

Spring Shawls all prices from the best to the cheapest.

Parasols we are selling at less than the Jobbing prices,

Hoop Skirts in all the improved makes selling cheap,

Goods received regularly, by every steamer from New York,

The Bee Hive is the place for bargains, call and secure a Shawl before they are gone,

JAS. SMITH,
mh 22 No 57 Main Street.

THE BEE HIVE
Is No. 57 Main street, Norfolk.

A MAGNIFICENT assortment of Dress Goods Just opened in

Magnificent Challeys, Silks, Valencias
Poplins, Delaines, all Wool Delaines, new styles
French Prints, Round lace Veils at less than the usual price
Embroideries in great variety at reduced prices

The Bee *Hive* is under Johnson's *Hall*, Norfolk.

fe 22 JAMES SMITH.

NOTICE PARTICULAR!!

To my friends and the public in general I give notice that I will sell my entire stock of Goods at cost for cash, or on short time to punctual customers. The following offers, that they may all live:

I'll buy all they bring of the list down lower
And pay them in goods, right out of my store;
I'll buy all the eggs your poultry can lay,
Or as many as you please, just as you say;
I'll buy all the bones of dead cattle and hogs,
And to finish the bargain, likewise the dogs;
I'll take all the bones you can find in the woods,
Such as cow, horse and sheep if you'll take pay in goods;
I'll take all the dry *Hides* of anything dead,
Mule hides and horse hides, black, white or red;
All these hides, if green, I also will buy,
And horse main and tail, if they be well dry.
I want all the moss, that grows on the trees,
So dry it and bring it as soon as you please,
Bring all the old *Jaw Bones* of horse, cow or sheep,
And take pay in goods, which I sell very cheap.
I'll buy all the Horns, you can bring me to sell;
And all the old *Teeth*, that's *Going very well.*
I want all the rags you can spare, let me see,
Woolen, Linen or cotton will answer for me,
For flannels and broadcloths that's gnawed by the mice
I'll trade you for goods at a very low price.
I buy all old Iron, and take it in lots,
Such as plows, hoes and chains, kettles and Pots.
Attend to this notice, and to cheer your fond hopes,
I'll wind up my song and buy your old *Ropes.*

JOHN O'KELLEY, Agent
for M. KELLEY.

E. City, Ap. 26, 1859.

P. S. In order to pay up my various bills, I offer for sale a great number of sills;
I've pine, oak and cypress, also some good shingles,
Or any thing else, when the money all jingles.

J. O'K, Ag't.

CHANTILLA MANTLES, SHAWLS, POINTS, &c.

JUST opened at the Bee Hive a magnificent lot of Chantilla Mantles, Shawls, Points, &c., from the lowest prices to $50.

—ALSO—

French Lace Mantillas in great variety, in great variety in all the newest styles.

Silk and Lace Mantillas, over one hundred different styles, which will be sold at great bargains, prices from $1 to $25.

—ALSO—

A beautiful assortment of Barege and Grenadine Shawls, circular corners, at very low prices.

Those in want of Mantillas of any kind and at any price, visit the

BEE HIVE.

And you can save 50 per cent on your purchase.

The Bee Hive is No 57 Main street, under Johnson's Hall. may 2

READ! READ!! READ!!!
AND REMEMBER THAT AT
W. M. MILLAR'S
CASH BARGAIN STORE,
No. 11 Market Square. Norfolk, Va,
You can buy all the
DRY GOODS
you want at the lowest
CASH PRICES!
OUR STOCK IS
NEW AND COMPLETE,
and buyers in either large or small quantities will find it to their advantage to examine our goods.

☞ Remember
MILLAR'S CASH BARGAIN STORE,
No. 11 Market Square,
de 7 next to Seabury's Shoe Store.

GRAND OPENING AT THE BEE HIVE.
—In magnificent

DeLaines,
Cashmeres,
Valincies from 25c to $1 50 per yard,
Poplins,
French and English Merinoes,
Figured French Merinoes, beautiful grades,
DeBages,
Alpaccas,
Canton Cloths, &c., &c.

A splendid assortment of Silks of the latest styles and at great bargains.

EMBROIDERIES! EMBROIDERIES!!

The largest assortment of Embroideries ever seen in Norfolk, which will be sold at half price.

Domestic Goods of all kinds and qualities—No. 1 and 2 Sheeps Greys, Kerseys, Sattinetts.

No. 1 and 2 Osnaburgs Check, Homespun in all the different qualities.

Blankets of the best makes below the regular prices.

The Bee Hive is under Johnson's Hall, Main Street, Norfolk, Va. oc 26

GRAND OPENING AT THE BEE HIVE.

IN Beautiful *De Laines*,
do do Cashmeres,
do do Valancias,
do do Poplins,
English and French Merinoes
Figured French Merinoes,
Debages,
Alpaccas,
Canton Cloths, &c., &c., &c.,

Silks,—Black and Colored Silks at a great bargain.

Embroideries—The largest assortment of Embroideries ever seen in Norfolk, and at awful low prices.

Domestic Goods of all kinds and qualities.

The BEE HIVE is 57 Main Street, under Johnson's Hall, Norfolk, Va.

oc 26 JAMES SMITH, Proprietor.

SHAWLS, SHAWLS, SHAWLS.

OPENED this day at the Bee Hive, a splendid assortment of Black Center Shawls,
Black Shawls with Plush Borders.
Black Shawls with Broched Borders.
Black Shawls with Cheniel Borders.
Black Shawls with Moriantique Border.
Black Shawls, at the Bee Hive,
Black Shawls with Gay Borders at the *BEE HIVE.*

Colored Shawls in all colors and prices.

CLOAKS.

1000 Cloaks just opened at great bargains,
Silk Robes in great variety,
Plaid Silks Byader Stripes,
Black Silks, the largest assortment in the State.

The BEE HIVE is under Johnson's Hall, Norfolk, Va. no 23

NOTICE.

THE Subscriber offers for rent, his house and lot at Nag's Head.

June 14th, 1859. W. A. MOORE. 42—6t

MEDICAL.

Rx AYER'S
Cathartic P
(SUGAR COATED)
ARE MADE TO

CLEANSE THE BLOOD AND CURE THE
Invalids, Fathers, Mothers, Physicians,
Philanthropists, read their Reasons
and judge of their Virtues
FOR THE CURE OF

Headache, Sick Headache, Foul S
PITTSBURGH, PA., May

DR. J. C. AYER. Sir: I have been repeatedly the worst headache any body can have by a dose of your Pills. It seems to arise from a foul stomach they cleanse at once. If they will cure others as they do me, the fact is worth knowing.

Yours with great respect, ED. W. FIS
Clerk of Steamer

Bilious Disorders and Liver Co
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTE
WASHINGTON, D. C., July

SIR: I have used your Pills in my general practice ever since you made them, and consider them they are the best cathartic we employ. Their lasting action on the *liver* is quick and decided, and they are an admirable remedy for derangement of that organ. Indeed, I have seldom found a case of disease so obstinate that it did not readily yield to

Fraternally yours, ALONZO
Physician of the Ho

Dysentery, Relax, and